

Cancer Outcomes and Services Dataset (COSD)

Pathology User Guide v4.1.1

About the NDRS

The National Disease Registration Service (NDRS) is part of NHS Digital (NHSD). Its purpose is to collect, collate and analyse data on patients with cancer, congenital anomalies, and rare diseases. It provides robust surveillance to monitor and detect changes in health and disease in the population. NDRS is a vital resource that helps researchers, healthcare professionals and policy makers make decisions about NHS services and the treatments people receive.

The NDRS includes:

- the National Cancer Registration and Analysis Service (NCRAS); and
- the National Congenital Anomaly and Rare Disease Registration Service (NCARDRS)

Healthcare professionals, researchers and policy makers use data to better understand population health and disease. The data is provided by patients and collected by the NHS as part of their care and support. The NDRS uses the data to help:

- understand cancer, rare diseases and congenital anomalies
- improve diagnosis
- plan NHS services
- improve treatment
- evaluate policy
- improve genetic counselling



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Improving lives with data and technology – NHS Digital support NHS staff at work, help people get the best care, and use the nation's health data to drive research and transform services.

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Version Control

Version	Date	Brief Summary of Change	Editors
Version 4.0 Final	2 August 2019	Final amended document for publication	Andrew Murphy
Version 4.0.4 Final	15 September 2020	Updated advice on submitting a pathology report on pg8 and in Appendix A pg89-pg91	Andrew Murphy
Version 4.1.1 Final	26 January 2022	Updated user guide using NDRS publication and accessibility standards throughout, plus: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • upload testing and support pg17 • updated HODS guidance pg60 	Andrew Murphy

Executive summary

Cancer Outcomes and Services Dataset – pathology v4.0 release (April 2020)

This user guide is one of a suite of documents to aid users in implementing the COSD Information Standard (DCB1521 Amd 13/2019). It includes all the pathological data items in COSD, together with definitions, formats, codes and values and additional guidance on collection and implementation. These documents can be found on [our website](#).

This User Guide is aligned with and should be read in conjunction with version 4.0 of the data set, which is available to download on the NCIN website. Other guidance and supporting documents are also available on the NCIN and NHS Digital websites

This revised version of the User Guide incorporates some amendments to the data set, an extension of scope and a revision of the current schema specification in order to continue to meet the business objectives of the standard.

Ongoing linkage with the Royal College of Pathologists (RC Path) ‘Core’ data sets is vital and continues to be a priority to ensure clinical accuracy. This data set was reviewed by the chair of the Royal College of Pathologists Working Group on Cancer Services.

It is important that where a Trust originally records a patient as having cancer and a record is sent during routine data uploads, but this diagnosis changes to a non-registerable condition, that NDRS is immediately informed of this decision. Due to the complex way pathology systems are designed, this change of status may not be sent automatically within the next available upload of data.

I would like to take this opportunity to thank all those who have been involved in the development and implementation of the Standard and encourage you to continue to send us your comments, which help to identify necessary amendments and improvements. A COSD Advisory Board including Trust level representation has been created to help manage change and reports directly to the COSD Governance Board.

Andy Murphy

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Introduction

What is the cancer outcomes and services dataset?

The Cancer Outcomes and Services Dataset (COSD) is a compiled data set which provides the standard for secondary uses information required to support national cancer registration and associated analysis (at local, regional, national and international level), as well as other national cancer audit programmes.

This standard consists of:

- a set of individual data items with their definitions
- the assemblage of these data items into discrete data sets
- the means of flowing the data items
- compilation of the data items into a single reconciled and verified data set

All patients diagnosed with or receiving cancer treatment in or funded by the NHS in England are covered by the standard. This includes adult and paediatric cancer patients.

Providers of cancer services have been required to provide a monthly return on all cancer patients diagnosed from 1 January 2013 using this data set. Data are collated via the National Disease Registration Service (NDRS) local offices, and formal mechanisms for transmission of data from providers to NDRS have been extended to carry the COSD data set.

More information can be found at the following websites:

- the Change Specification, Requirements Specification and Implementation Guidance are available on the [NHS Digital](#) website
- further guidance is published by the National Disease Registration Service on the [NDRS](#) website

Why is it needed?

Periodically we needed to revise the Cancer Outcomes and Services Dataset to ensure that we meet the current information requirements for the NHS. The Cancer Reform Strategy (2007) identified better information and stronger commissioning as two of the key drivers to achieve the goal that cancer services in this country should be amongst the best in the world.

The Achieving World-Class Cancer Outcomes, A Strategy for England 2015 to 2020 (Taskforce Report) further strengthens the need to have strong cancer data collection and empowers both PHE and NHS England to enforce this through the mandate of data

collection. These data will be the base for cancer analysis and research for the next 5 years.

Implementation of the Standard is carried out by the National Disease Registration Service (NDRS) and queries regarding implementation should initially be raised with the Data Liaison staff at the local offices of the NDRS.

Queries regarding the Standard itself should be addressed in the first instance to nhsdigital.COSDenquiries@nhs.net or your local NDRS Liaison Manager (their details can be obtained from the [CancerStats](#) portal).

All Providers have access to their current monthly position via CancerStats (NHS Health and Social Care Network [HSCN] connections only), which has been established by the NDRS. This provides feedback on files submitted (Level 1).

Other guidance documentation

Technical Guidance and Implementation Guidance is provided separately and is available on the [NCIN website](#).

What diagnoses does COSD apply to?

For the purposes of COSD the term 'cancer' relates to all conditions defined as registerable by the UK and Ireland Association of Cancer Registries (UKIACR) and these are listed in Appendix C.

These are in addition to Appendix B – Cancer Waiting Times ICD10 Codes and Tumour Groups for Primary Diagnoses. COSD requires that all new diagnoses and secondary/metastatic cancer are recorded.

All recurrences diagnosed at each Trust must now also be included.

What data items should be completed?

All registerable pathological conditions should be reported as defined in Appendix A. This includes submitting all pathology reports for these cases.

In addition to the core data set, most cases will also require a site specific data set to be completed.

The 'CORE LINKAGE' items are Mandatory and must be submitted for all records. (Please note that the core linkage for pathology differs from the main COSD linkage items).

All other applicable data in each section marked as 'required' should be submitted for each record as soon as available.

How is pathology recorded?

There is a specific schema for reporting COSD pathology data items. These data should be reported by the pathologist, directly from their Laboratory Information Management Systems (LIMS) and sent to the NDRS (from the pathology department) in structured COSD XML.

It is not expected therefore that MDT Coordinators or other non-clinical staff, should attempt to read and transcribe these reports and information into COSD. From v9 (April 2020), pathological data items have been removed from the main COSD data set (v9.0) and can only be submitted through the COSD Pathology data set and associated schema packs.

The reduction in their workload by removing this duplication is estimated to be approximately up to 30%, and this time should be used to ensure full compliance for data collection across all other data-items.

Ongoing linkage with the Royal College of Pathologists (RCPATH) 'CORE' data sets is vital and continues to be a priority to ensure clinical accuracy. This data set was reviewed by the chair of the Royal College of Pathologists Working Group on Cancer Services.

When should the data be submitted?

The extraction criteria are based solely on the date authorised field.

The deadline for submitting a pathology report/record is 25 working days after the end of each month and should only be submitted once the pathologist has finished assessing each sample and authorises the report.

It is acceptable for pathology records to be submitted quicker than 25 working days, and in some cases are submitted in real-time as the pathologist authorises each report using the direct submission method through the NDRS API portal.

The reporting dates can be found on the [COSD](#) website.

Feedback and queries

This User Guide provides additional information to support the COSD Specification and should also be used in conjunction with the COSD Pathology v4.0.2 data set.

Implementation and Technical Guidance documents are also available for further information on the [NCIN website](#).

Feedback and questions relating to the COSD are welcomed and should be emailed to: nhsdigital.COSDenquiries@nhs.net.

Using this guide

This COSD Pathology User Guide document provides additional information to support the COSD Specification and should also be used in conjunction with the COSD Pathology data set v4.0.2. Implementation and Technical Guidance documents are also available for further information on the NCIN website.

Layout of the user guide

The guide includes a generic chapter for 'Core' data set items followed by individual chapters for each of the site specific data sets applicable to each tumour group.

Schema specification

Mandatory:

- the 'Core' linkage items are 'mandatory' and must be submitted for all records
- it is vital that these are always available so that the correct information can be linked to the right patient and the correct tumour
- a record will not be able to be submitted if any mandatory data item is missing
- these records should not be added to the main file otherwise the whole file will fail the schema

Required:

- most other data-items are set as 'required', this means that if they are applicable to the reported tumour or patient pathway they must be completed and treated as a mandatory item
- not every data-item however will be applicable to every patient or tumour, by using 'required', this allows for a more accurate and inclusive collection of data
- therefore, all applicable data in each section marked as 'required' must be submitted for each record as soon as available

Pilot:

- in some cases, new data-items maybe piloted by a small group of Trusts

- these data do not have to be completed by any other Trust unless you are part of the pilot

Optional:

- there are a few data-items that are optional, any Trust can submit these data, but there is no requirement to enforce this data collection at this point
- all optional data-items are under review and may change in future version controls of COSD

Meaning of 'Not Known' value:

- 'Not known' includes both 'not recorded' and for example 'test not done', this is usually coded 9 or 99 (depending on the data item format)

Key to data item tables

All data items are listed as follows:

- data item No:
 - the reference number for the COSD data item
 - from v4 all pathology data items have a prefixed 'p', all other data items remain interoperable with the main COSD data set
- data Item section:
 - the section in which the data item appears
- data Item name:
 - the name of the data item
 - please refer to the data set and schema for the [Data Dictionary Item Name], which will be written in purple italics if different
- format:
 - format required for submission of the data item

National codes

Where there is a defined list of values for a data item, the code appears on the left of the table and the definition appears on the right, as shown in the example tbl-1 below.

tbl-1

National code	National code definition
1	1 to 3
2	4 or more
U	Number uncertain

Demographics

Demographic details are required for every record in order to ensure that the correct patient can be identified, and information can be correctly linked.

The demographics section should be completed by every Provider the first time a record is submitted.

There will only be one demographics section completed for each record. Demographic linkage items will be required each time the record is submitted. Almost all patients should have an NHS Number, and this should always be included where available. For those who do not have an NHS Number, the hospital number ('Local Patient Identifier') must be provided.

Diagnosis

Both 'Topography' and 'Morphology' (SNOMED and/or ICD) must be completed for all cases.

Pathology

Pathological diagnosis and grade (where applicable) are recorded on biopsies and may be amended after surgical resection (if appropriate), when pathological staging should also be available. Full text pathology reports should always be submitted.

Linkage data items

In order to ensure that records submitted can be linked appropriately some key data fields must be completed for each record submitted. These are shown in the Core Linkage section. For pathology records this includes both Patient Identity and Pathology details.

There will be 1 linkage section completed each time the record is submitted.

Key to Data Item Tables

All data items are listed as follows:

Data item No.	The reference number for the COSD data item
Data item name	The name of the data item. Please refer to the data set and/or schema for the data dictionary names
Format	Format required for submission of the data item

Data item No.	The reference number for the COSD data item
Schema specification (M/R/O/X/P)	<p>The detailed schema for submission of the data is included in the Technical Guidance. This column identifies whether items are required for the extract to pass validation rules when submitted in XML format. (Note that all applicable data should be submitted as soon as possible).</p> <p>Detailed explanation of each schema type are listed on page 9.</p>
Moved data items	All data items that have moved within the data set since the last version will be indicated using bullet points following each data item description.
New data items	All new data items for v9, or those with a new description or attribute in an existing data item, are indicated throughout the user guide in bullet points following each data item description. In some data items this may also indicate a change in the data item number, format or schema specification.

CORE

These items are Mandatory for every record in order to link patient records.

In order to ensure that records submitted can be linked appropriately some key data fields must be completed for each record submitted. These are shown in the 'CORE Linkage' section.

There will be one linkage section completed each time the record is submitted.

Note:

- it is important to refer to the pathology user guide if reporting pathology direct from the LIMS as there are different linkage items required

CORE – Linkage

These items are Mandatory for every record in order to link patient records.

In order to ensure that records submitted can be linked appropriately some key data fields must be completed for each record submitted. These are shown in the 'CORE Linkage' section.

There will be one linkage section completed each time the record is submitted.

CORE – Patient Identity Details

One of the following 'Core - Linkage' Identifier sections must be provided per record (1..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
CR0010	NHS Number	n10	M*
CR0020	Local Patient Identifier	min an1 max an20	M*
CR1350	NHS Number Status Indicator Code	an2	M
CR0100	Person Birth Date	an10 cyy- mm-dd	M
CR0030	Organisation Identifier (Code of Provider)	min an3 max an5	M

* A combination of either 'NHS Number' and/or 'Local Patient Identifier' are mandatory for the schema. Both can be submitted, but a record cannot be submitted without at least one of these data items.

NHS Number:

The 'NHS Number' is a unique identifier for a patient within the NHS in England and Wales. This will not vary between any organisations of which a person is a patient.

Local Patient Identifier:

For linkage purposes, 'NHS Number' and/or 'Local Patient Identifier' are required. This is a number used to identify a patient uniquely within a health care provider. It may be different from the patient's case note number and may be assigned automatically by the computer system.

NHS Number Status Indicator Code:

The 'NHS Number Status Indicator Code' indicates the verification status of the NHS number provided.

National code	National code definition
01	Number present and verified
02	Number present but not traced
03	Trace required
04	Trace attempted - No match or multiple match found
05	Trace needs to be resolved - (NHS Number or patient detail conflict)
06	Trace in progress
07	Number not present and trace not required
08	Trace postponed (baby under 6 weeks old)

Person Birth Date:

The date on which a person was born or is officially deemed to have been born. This should be automatically linked via your local PAS system when you create a record for the first time.

Note:

- this is now a mandatory data item from v4.0

Organisation Identifier (Code of Provider):

The 'Organisation Identifier' of the organisation acting as a health care provider (an6 not applicable to COSD). This is the 3 or 5-digit code of the organisation submitting the

demographic details. This will therefore normally be either the organisation where the referral is received or the treating organisation.

Notes:

- there is a new code structure (ANANA) for new organisation identifiers allocated by ODS from 01 September 2020 onwards - codes issued prior to this date will not be converted
- more details can be found on the NHS Digital website using the following link [here](#)

CORE – Demographic Details

Demographics

Demographic details are required for every record in order to ensure that the correct patient can be identified, and information can be correctly linked. The demographics section should be completed by every Provider the first time a record is submitted.

There will only be one demographics section completed for each record. Demographic linkage items will be required each time the record is submitted. Almost all patients should have an NHS Number, and this should always be included where available. For those who do not have an NHS Number, the hospital number (Local Patient Identifier) must be provided.

It is anticipated that some of the demographic data items listed below will be collected by every provider with which the patient has contact. Where this information is exchanged, the appropriate data item name should be used.

May be up to one occurrence per record (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
CR0050	Person Family Name	max an35	R
CR0060	Person Given Name	max an35	R
CR0070	Patient Usual Address (at Diagnosis)	an175 (5 lines each an35)	R
CR0080	Postcode of Usual Address (at Diagnosis)	max an8	R
CR3170	Person Stated Gender Code	an1	R

Person Family Name:

That part of a person's name which is used to describe family, clan, tribal group, or marital association.

Person Given Name:

The forename(s) or given name(s) of a person.

Patient Usual Address (at Diagnosis):

The patient usual address of the patient at the time of patient diagnosis.

Postcode of Usual Address (at Diagnosis):

The postcode of usual address of the patient at the time of patient diagnosis.

Person Stated Gender Code:

Person's gender as self-declared (or inferred by observation for those unable to declare their 'Person Stated Gender').

National code	National code definition
1	Male
2	Female
9	Indeterminate (Unable to be classified as either male or female)
X	Not known (Person Stated Gender Code not recorded)

CORE – Pathology

As of January 2016, all pathology should be submitted to the NDRS in structured xml. These reports will include all the data as prescribed below and would be submitted to the NDRS directly from the pathology Laboratory Information Management Systems (LIMS). Once the pathologist has completed and signed off each report, they can be submitted either individually or as a monthly batch of data. There is a separate pathology schema for submissions which come directly from the pathology LIMS.

There is no expectation therefore for providers to double enter these data by non-clinical MDT coordinators trying to read a pathology report and transcribe the relevant information correctly into their local cancer information system. As a result, all pathology data items have been removed from the main COSD data set and can only be reported via the pathology departments and this data set.

Pathological diagnosis and grade (where applicable) are recorded on biopsies and may be amended after surgical resection (if appropriate), when pathological staging should also be available. Full text pathology reports should be submitted to include these data items if structured coded extracts are not available. In addition, there may be more than one pathology section completed for each record.

To carry the pathology details. The core data set includes general pathological items which are applicable to all tumour sites unless otherwise stated, and site specific pathology items (relating to stage components). These core and site specific items are a subset of the RCPATH cancer data sets which have been approved as professional standards by the college.

In v4, the data items across the data set were aligned exactly with the 'RC Path – Core' pathology data items. This has created additional changes to both data item names, descriptions and/or the attribute lists, where these were different in COSD. It is expected that these changes will help improve the data quality and ascertainment, whilst reducing the burden of double reporting.

Where structured reporting systems are not available for pathology, it is expected that many of the relevant data items will be included in the free text pathology report.

Important notes:

- all pathology data items from v4 are prefixed with a lowercase 'p', for example 'pCR0780'
- these reports should be sent to the NDRS through pre-agreed methods of submission

- the regional Data Liaison Managers can support Trusts with this, and any testing required for new reporting of data
- this is especially important when a new system is implemented, or an upgrade rolled out by a supplier or Trust IT team

A patient may have any number of pathology reports, and there may be more than one pathology report per specimen.

May be multiple occurrences per record (0..*)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pCR0780	Investigation Result Date	an10 ccyy-mm-dd	M
pCR0950	Service Report Identifier	min an1 max an36	M
pCR6220	Pathology Observation Report Identifier	min an1 max an36	R
pCR0960	Service Report Status	an1	R

Start Of Section - Consultant (Pathology Test Requested By)

Section 0..1

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pCR7100	Professional Registration Issuer Code - Consultant (Pathology Test Requested By)	an2	M
pCR7120	Professional Registration Entry Identifier - Consultant (Pathology Test Requested By)	min an1 max an32	M

End of Section - Consultant (Pathology Test Requested By)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pCR0980	Organisation Site Identifier (Pathology Test Requested By)	min an5 max an9	R
pCR1010	Sample Collection Date	an10 ccyy-mm-dd	R
pCR0770	Sample Receipt Date	an10 ccyy-mm-dd	R
pCR0800	Organisation Identifier (of Reporting Pathologist)	min an3 max an5	R

Start of Section - Consultant (Pathologist)

Section 0..1

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pCR7130	Professional Registration Issuer Code - Consultant (Pathologist)	an2	M
pCR7140	Professional Registration Entry Identifier - Consultant (Pathologist)	min an1 max an32	M

End of Section - Consultant (Pathologist)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pCR0970	Specimen Nature	an1	R

Start of Section - Topography/Morphology SNOMED

Section 0..1

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pCR6990	SNOMED Version (Pathology)	an2	M

Topography/Morphology Choice

Choice 1..2

Choice 1

Start of repeating item - Topography (SNOMED) Pathology

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pCR6410	Topography (SNOMED) Pathology	min an6 max an18	M*

End of repeating item - Topography (SNOMED) Pathology

End of Choice - Choice 1

Choice 2

Start Of Repeating Item - Morphology (SNOMED) Pathology

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pCR6420	Morphology (SNOMED) Pathology	min n6 max n18	M*

End of repeating item - Morphology (SNOMED) Pathology

End of Choice 2

End of Topography/Morphology Choice

End of Section - Topography/Morphology SNOMED

Start of repeating item - Primary Diagnosis (ICD Pathological)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pCR0810	Diagnosis (ICD Pathological)	min an4 max an6	R*

End of repeating item - Primary Diagnosis (ICD Pathological)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pCR0820	Tumour Laterality (Pathological)	an1	R
pCR0760	Pathology Investigation Type	an2	R
pCR1020	Pathology Report Text	max an270000	R
pCR0830	Lesion Size (Pathological)	max n3.max n2	R
pCR0860	Grade of Differentiation (Pathological)	an2	R
pCR0870	Cancer Vascular or Lymphatic Invasion	an2	R
pCR0880	Excision Margin	an2	R
pCR0840	Synchronous Tumour Indicator	an1	R
pCR0890	Number of Nodes Examined	max n3	R
pCR0900	Number of Nodes Positive	max n3	R
pCR6980	TNM Coding Edition	an1	R
pCR6820	TNM Version Number (Pathological)	max an2	R
pCR0910	T Category (Pathological)	max an15	R
pCR0920	N Category (Pathological)	max an15	R
pCR0930	M Category (Pathological)	max an15	R
pCR0940	TNM Stage Grouping (Pathological)	max an15	R
pCR1000	Neoadjuvant Therapy Indicator	an1	R
pCR7000	Ki-67 INDICATOR	an1	R

pCR7010	Ki-67 RESULT	max n3	R
pCR7020	MLH1 Nuclear Expression Intact	an1	R
pCR7030	PMS2 Nuclear Expression Intact	an1	R
pCR7040	MSH2 Nuclear Expression Intact	an1	R
pCR7050	MSH6 Nuclear Expression Intact	an1	R
pCR7060	Microsatellite Instability (MSI) Testing	an1	R

Note the following data items have been retired from v4.0:

- Care Professional Code (Pathology Test Requested By)
- Consultant Code (Pathologist)

Investigation Result Date:

Record the date on which an investigation was concluded, for example: the date the result was authorised.

Note:

- this is now a mandatory data item from v4.0

Service Report Identifier:

A unique identifier of a service report.

Notes:

- this is now a mandatory data item from v4.0
- it is possible that some legacy data may not have all the required mandatory fields for v9
- the recommendation is for Trusts to update their data to meet the new requirements and improve/enrich their data submissions, or not upload the legacy data items in the new record (if that data is not available)

Pathology Observation Report Identifier:

This is the local identifier of an observation report.

Notes:

- this differs from the 'Service Report Identifier' as it identifies the specific RC Path Form used
- multiple of these could be contained within a Service Report (where there are multiple tumours are identified/taken)

Service Report Status:

The status of the service report.

National code	National code definition
1	Final (complete)
2	Preliminary (Interim)
3	Test not available
4	Unspecified
5	Supplementary/second opinion
6	Deleted

Important notes:

- the next 2 data items are now a multiple selection group and are mandatory within the group
- there may be one occurrence per 'CORE – Pathology Details' section

Professional Registration Issuer 'Code – Consultant (Pathology Test Requested By)':

This is a new data item in v4 replacing the 'Care Professional Code (Pathology Test Requested By)' and is a code which identifies the professional registration body for the consultant or health care professional who requested the pathology test.

National code	National code definition
02	General Dental Council
03	General Medical Council
04	General Optical Council
08	Health and Care Professions Council
09	Nursing and Midwifery Council

Professional Registration Entry Identifier – Consultant (Pathology Test Requested By):

This is a new data item in v4 replacing the 'Care Professional Code (Pathology Test Requested By)' and is the registration identifier allocated by an organisation for the consultant or health care professional who requested the pathology test.

Organisation Site Identifier (Pathology Test Requested By):

The 'Organisation Identifier' of the organisation site at which the care professional, who requested the diagnostic test request for suspected cancer, is based.

Sample Collection Date:

The date that a sample collection takes place or the start of a period for sample collection. This is the same as the date the Sample is taken.

Sample Receipt Date:

Date of receipt of a sample by a laboratory.

Organisation Identifier (of Reporting Pathologist):

The 'Organisation Identifier' of the organisation at which the authorising pathologist is based.

Important note:

- the next 2 data items are now a multiple selection group and are mandatory within the group. There may be one occurrence per CORE – Pathology Details section

Professional Registration Issuer Code – Consultant (Pathologist):

This is a new data item in v4 replacing the 'Consultant Code (Pathologist)' and is a code which identifies the professional registration body for the consultant or health care professional who authorises the pathology report.

National code	National code definition
02	General Dental Council
03	General Medical Council
04	General Optical Council
08	Health and Care Professions Council
09	Nursing and Midwifery Council

Professional Registration Entry Identifier – Consultant (Pathologist):

This is a new data item in v4 replacing the 'Consultant Code (Pathologist)' and is the registration identifier allocated by an organisation for the consultant or health care professional who authorises the pathology report.

Specimen Nature:

The nature of the specimen taken during a clinical investigation.

National code	National code definition
1	Primary tumour
2	Further excision of primary tumour

National code	National code definition
4	Regional Lymph Nodes
5	Metastatic site other than regional lymph nodes
9	Not known

Note:

- where none of the above options are applicable, 'Not known' maybe selected

SNOMED version:

The version of SNOMED used to encode 'Morphology (SNOMED) Pathology' and 'Topography (SNOMED) Pathology'.

Note:

- versions of SNOMED prior to SNOMED CT ceased to be licenced by The International Health Terminology Standards Development Organisation (IHTSDO) after April 2017 other than for historical content

National code	National code definition
01	SNOMED II
02	SNOMED 3
03	SNOMED 3.5
04	SNOMED RT
05	SNOMED CT
99	Not Known

Important note:

- the next 2 data items form a 2-choice menu and at least one of the following choices must be provided per submission (1..2)

Choice 1

Topography (SNOMED) Pathology:

This is the topographical site of the tumour as categorised by SNOMED International / SNOMED CT, multiple codes may be submitted.

Note:

- this is now a mandatory data item from v4.0 within this choice

Choice 2

morphology (SNOMED) pathology:

This is the morphology of the tumour as categorised by SNOMED International / SNOMED CT, multiple codes may be submitted.

Note:

- this is now a mandatory data item from v4.0 within this choice

Diagnosis (ICD Pathological):

The ICD diagnosis is based on the evidence from a pathological examination, multiple codes may be submitted as it is a repeating data item.

Note:

- where the ICD10 code only has 3 characters, for example C01, please add "X" as a 'packing digit' to meet the validation rules (such as C01.X, C07.X, C73.X)
- in addition, the reporting format excludes the decimal CXX.X or DXX.X, all xml reports must be recorded as CXXX or DXXX

Tumour Laterality (Pathological):

'Tumour laterality' identifies the side of the body for a tumour relating to paired organs within a patient based on the evidence from a pathological examination.

National code	National code definition
L	Left
R	Right
M	Midline
B	Bilateral
8	Not applicable
9	Not known

Pathology Investigation Type:

The type of pathology investigation procedure carried out.

Note:

- please see the 'Skin' site specific data set for further information on collecting this data item, including the site specific values to be used

National code	National code definition
CY	Cytology
BU	Biopsy NOS
EX	Excision
PE	Partial Excision
RE	Radical Excision
FE	Further Excision
CU	Curettage
SB	Shave Biopsy
PB	Punch Biopsy
IB	Incisional Biopsy
99	Uncertain/other

Pathology Report Text:

The full text from the pathology report which may be required by Registries to calculate diagnosis and staging details.

Lesion Size (Pathological):

The size in millimetres of the diameter of a lesion, largest if more than one, if the histology of a sample proves to be invasive.

Notes:

- for COSD reporting purposes, this data item can be submitted to 2 decimal places
- this data item is not applicable for Haematology diagnosis
- please see Skin site specific data set for further information on collecting this data item, including the site specific values to be used

Grade Of Differentiation (at Diagnosis):

This is the definitive grade of the Tumour at the time of patient diagnosis.

National code	National code definition
GX	Grade of differentiation is not appropriate or cannot be assessed
G1	Well differentiated
G2	Moderately differentiated
G3	Poorly differentiated

National code	National code definition
G4	Undifferentiated / anaplastic

Notes:

- the default labels for these fields (“well differentiated”, “moderately differentiated” and “poorly differentiated”) are not applicable to NET
- these are nationally assigned ‘general’ descriptions used within COSD, the correct grade will be applied by the NCRAS upon processing the data

The following mapping table can be used to map other (site-specific) invasive grades, into the main [Grade of Differentiation (At Diagnosis)] field:

Grade	GX	G1	G2	G3	G4
Invasive Grade Breast	n/a	Grade 1	Grade 2	Grade 3	n/a
Colorectal	n/a	Well/Moderately differentiated	n/a	Poorly differentiated	n/a
CNS	n/a	I	II	III	IV
Fallopian Tube, Ovary,	n/a	Low	Intermediate	High	n/a
Neuroendocrine (NET) Tumours	Grade of differentiation is not appropriate or cannot be assessed	Grade 1 NET	Grade 2 NET	Grade 3 NET or Grade 3 NEC	Not used
Salivary Tumour Grade	n/a	Low	n/a	High	n/a
Sarcoma Histological	n/a	Low	Intermediate	High	n/a

Cancer Vascular or Lymphatic Invasion:

An indication of the presence or absence of unequivocal tumour in lymphatic and/or vascular spaces.

National code	National code definition
NU	No – vascular/lymphatic invasion not present

National code	National code definition
YU	Yes – vascular/lymphatic invasion present
YV	Vascular invasion only present
YL	Lymphatic invasion only present
YB	Both lymphatic and vascular invasion present
UU	Uncertain whether vascular/lymphatic invasion is present or not
XX	Cannot be assessed
99	Not known

Note:

- this data item is not applicable for Haematology diagnosis

Excision Margin:

An indication of whether the excision margin was clear of the tumour and if so, by how much. Where there is more than one measurement, record the closest or closest relevant margin. Where actual measurements are not taken use options 01, 05 or 06.

National code	National code definition
01	Excision margins are clear (distance from margin not stated)
02	Excision margins are clear (tumour >5mm from the margin)
03	Excision margins are clear (tumour >1mm but less than or equal to 5mm from the margin)
04	Tumour is less than or equal to 1mm of excision margin, but does not reach margin
05	Tumour reaches tumour margin
06	Uncertain
07	Margin not involved (equal to or greater than 1mm)
08	Margin not involved (less than 1mm)
09	Margin not involved (1 to 5 mm)
98	Not applicable
99	Not Known

Notes:

- codes 07, 08 and 09 are only applicable for skin cancers, they have been included to align with the RCPATH data sets for skin diagnoses
- this data item is not applicable for Haematology diagnosis

Synchronous Tumour Indicator:

An indicator of the presence of multiple tumours at a tumour site.

National code	National code definition
N	No, no synchronous tumours present
Y	Yes, synchronous tumours present
9	Not Known

Note:

- this data item is not applicable for Haematology diagnosis

number of nodes examined:

The number of local and regional nodes examined.

Note:

- this data item is not applicable for CNS, Haematology or Lung diagnosis

Number Of Nodes Positive:

The number of local and regional nodes reported as being positive for the presence of tumour metastases.

Notes:

- this data item is not applicable for CNS, Haematology or Lung diagnosis
- the COSD Core TNM Staging data items below are not applicable for CNS, Gynaecology, Haematology, Skin and most CTYA diagnoses
- see site specific data sets for further information on collecting applicable stage data, including the site specific values to be used for TNM where relevant

TNM Coding Edition:

The TNM Coding edition in use.

National code	National code definition
1	UICC (Union for International Cancer Control)
2	AJCC (American Joint Committee on Cancer)
3	ENETS (European Neuroendocrine Tumour Society)

Note:

- for v4 the addition of European Neuroendocrine Tumour Society (ENTS) has been added to this list of TNM coding editions reportable through COSD, to improve data quality

TNM Version Number (Pathological):

The AJCC, UICC or ENETS version number used for Tumour, Node and Metastasis (TNM) staging for cancer diagnosis.

T Category (Pathological):

'T Category (Pathological)' is the code which classifies the size and extent of the primary tumour based on the evidence from a pathological examination.

N Category (Pathological):

'N Category (Pathological)' is the code which classifies the absence or presence and extent of regional lymph node metastases based on the evidence from a pathological examination.

M Category (Pathological):

'M Category (Pathological)' is the code which classifies the absence or presence of distant metastases based on the evidence from a pathological examination.

TNM Stage Grouping (Pathological):

'TNM Stage Grouping (Pathological)' is the code which classifies the combination of tumour, node and metastases into stage groupings based on the evidence from a pathological examination.

Neoadjuvant Therapy Indicator:

Indicator of whether the pathological stage was recorded after the patient had received neoadjuvant therapy (i.e. chemotherapy or radiotherapy prior to surgery).

Note:

- if this is 'Yes' the pathology stage fields should NOT be prefixed with the letter 'y'

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
9	Not known

Ki-67 Indicator:

This is a new data item in v4. Indicate if a Ki-67 staining was done on the sample.

National code	National code definition
1	Done and available
2	Done but not available
3	Not done
9	Not Known

Ki-67 Result:

This is a new data item in v4. Record the percentage of tumour cells that are positive for Ki-67, on a scale of 0 to 100.

MLH1 Nuclear Expression Intact:

This is a new data item in v4. Is MLH1 immunohistochemistry nuclear expression intact?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
E	Equivocal
F	Test failed
X	Not performed

PMS2 Nuclear Expression Intact:

This is a new data item in v4. Is PMS2 immunohistochemistry nuclear expression intact?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
E	Equivocal
F	Test failed
X	Not performed

MSH2 Nuclear Expression Intact:

This is a new data item in v4. Is MSH2 immunohistochemistry nuclear expression intact?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes

National code	National code definition
N	No
E	Equivocal
F	Test failed
X	Not performed

MSH6 Nuclear Expression Intact:

This is a new data item in v4. Is MSH6 immunohistochemistry nuclear expression intact?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
E	Equivocal
F	Test failed
X	Not performed

Microsatellite Instability (MSI) Testing:

This is a new data item in v4. Result of microsatellite instability (MSI) testing.

National code	National code definition
H	MSI-high
L	MSI-low
S	MSI-stable
F	Test failed
X	Not performed

BREAST - Pathology

This is the site specific section for additional breast cancer specific data items to be recorded. These will be aligned within the schema to form a single report.

May be up to one occurrence per pathology report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pBR4140	Multifocal Tumour Indicator (Breast)	an1	R
pBR4160	DCIS Grade	an1	R
pBR4180	DCIS /Pleomorphic or DCIS Like LCIS Size	max n3.max n2	R
pBR4190	Whole Tumour (Invasive + DCIS) Size	max n3.max n2	R
pBR4200	Metastasis Extent Code	an1	R
pBR4210	Distance to Margin	max n2.max n1	R
pBR4230	ER Allred Score	an1	O
pBR4220	ER Status	an1	R
pBR4300	PR Allred Score	an1	O
pBR4290	PR Status	an1	O
pBR4280	HER2 Status	an1	R
pBR4310	HER2 ISH Status	an1	R
pBR4240	Cytology (Breast)	an2	R
pBR4250	Cytology (Node)	an2	R
pBR4260	Core Biopsy (Breast)	min an2 - max an3	R
pBR4270	Core Biopsy (Node)	an3	R

Multifocal Tumour Indicator (Breast):

Is there more than one discrete tumour identified in the same breast?

National code	National code definition
Y	YES (Multiple invasive foci)
N	NO (Localised)
9	Not Known (Cannot be assessed)

Note:

- all the national code definitions have been updated to meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set

DCIS grade:

If ductal carcinoma in situ is present, record the DCIS grade. This is the cytonuclear grade.

National code	National code definition
H	High
I	Intermediate
L	Low
X	Not assessable (Cannot be assessed)

Note:

- the national code definition for 'X' has been updated meet the 'RC Path Core' data set

DCIS/pleomorphic or DCIS like LCIS Size:

Record the size of the non-invasive tumour in mm. This is only required if there is no invasive component.

Notes:

- for COSD reporting purposes, this data item can be submitted to 2 decimal places
- the data item name has been updated in v4 to match the 'RCPATH Core' data set

Whole Tumour (Invasive + DCIS) Size:

Record the whole size of the tumour (invasive + surrounding DCIS, if DCIS extends >1mm beyond invasive) (mm) (For tumours without a DCIS component this will be the same as 'Invasive Lesion Size').

Notes:

- for COSD reporting purposes, this data item can be submitted to 2 decimal places
- the data item name has been updated in v4 to match the 'RCPATH Core' data set

Metastasis Extent Code:

For single node positivity, specify micrometastatic status as follows: Greater than 2mm = Metastases, 2mm to greater than 0.2mm = Micrometastasis, less than or equal to 0.2mm = Isolated tumour cells.

National code	National code definition
2	Micrometastasis
3	Isolated tumour cells (ITCs)
4	Macrometastasis
9	Not known

Notes:

- '1 - Metastasis' has been removed from the data set from v4
- '3 - Isolated tumour cells (ITCs)' national code definition has been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set
- '4 - Macrometastasis' is a new attribute in v4

Distance to Margin:

Distance to closest relevant margin (mm). Distance to nearest radial margin whether invasive or non-invasive. (For COSD measurement to the nearest mm is sufficient but may be recorded to nearest tenth of mm).

ER Allred Score:

ER Allred score (range 0, 2 -8). This is now an optional data item from v4 as it is not in the 'RC Path Core' data set.

ER Status:

Oestrogen Receptor (ER) status. (A positive score means that oestrogen is causing the tumour to grow, and a negative score means that the tumour is not driven by oestrogen).

National code	National code definition
P	Positive (> or = 1%)
N	Negative (<1%)

National code	National code definition
X	Not performed

Note:

- 'P' and 'N' national code definitions have been updated meet the 'RCPath Core' data set

PR Allred Score:

Record the PR ALLRED score if known. (Range 0, 2-8). This is now an optional data item from v4 as it is not in the 'RC Path Core' data set.

PR Status:

Progesterone Receptor Status. Record the PR status if known. This is now an optional data item from v4 as it is not in the 'RC Path Core' data set.

National code	National code definition
P	Positive
N	Negative
X	Not performed

HER2 Status:

HER2 Immunohistochemical status (Human Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor 2). Where the initial result of this test is 'Borderline', a further report will follow with result of the ISH test.

National code	National code definition
N1	Negative (0)
N2	Negative (1+)
B	Borderline (2+)
P	Positive (3+)
X	Not performed

Notes:

- 'N - Negative' has been removed from the data set from v4
- 'N1' and 'N2' are new attributes for v4
- 'B' and 'P' national code definitions have been updated meet the 'RCPath Core' data set

HER2 ISH Status:

Record the result of the ISH (in situ hybridization) test. This is only required if the initial HER2 status is 'Borderline'.

National code	National code definition
P	Positive (Amplified)
N	Negative (Non-amplified)
B	Borderline
X	Not performed

Notes:

- 'P' and 'N' national code definitions have been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set
- 'B' and 'X' are new attributes for v4

Cytology (Breast):

Cytology opinion (Breast).

National code	National code definition
C1	Inadequate/unsatisfactory specimen
C2	Benign
C3	Uncertain
C4	Suspicious of malignancy
C5	Malignant

Cytology (Node):

Cytology opinion on axillary lymph node.

National code	National code definition
C1	Inadequate/unsatisfactory specimen
C2	Benign
C3	Uncertain
C4	Suspicious of malignancy
C5	Malignant

Core Biopsy (Breast):

Needle core biopsy opinion.

National code	National code definition
B1	Unsatisfactory/normal tissue only
B2	Benign
B3a	Uncertain malignant potential without epithelial atypia
B3b	Uncertain malignant potential with epithelial atypia
B4	Suspicious
B5a	Malignant (In situ)
B5b	Malignant (Invasive)
B5c	Malignant (Not assessable)

Notes:

- 'B1' national code definition has been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set
- 'B3' has been removed from the data set from v4
- 'B3a' and 'B3b' are new attributes for v4

Core Biopsy (Node):

Needle biopsy opinion on axillary lymph node.

National code	National code definition
LB1	Inadequate/unsatisfactory
LB2	Normal/Benign
LB3	Uncertain
LB4	Suspicious
LB5	Malignant

Notes:

- 'B1', 'B2', 'B3', 'B4' and 'B5' have been removed from the data set from v4
- 'LB1', 'LB2', 'LB3', 'LB4' and 'LB5' are new attributes for v4

CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM - Pathology

This is the site specific section for additional central nervous system cancer specific data items to be recorded. These will be aligned within the schema to form a single report.

May be up to one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Start of repeating item - Molecular Diagnostics Code

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pBA3070	Molecular Diagnostics Code	an2	R*

End of repeating item - Molecular Diagnostics Code

Start of repeating item - Immunohistochemistry Hormone Expression Type

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pBA3150	Immunohistochemistry Hormone Expression Type	an1	R*

End of repeating item - Immunohistochemistry Hormone Expression Type

Molecular Diagnostics Code:

Chromosomal or genetic markers associated with the brain tumour. This may involve selection of more than one value for each tumour, as it is a repeating data item.

This table was extensively discussed by the Brain CNS expert group and has been based on the 2016 WHO categories for Molecular Diagnostic Markers.

National code	National code definition
06	Evidence of ALK rearrangement
07	Evidence of native ALK
08	Evidence of ATRX mutation
09	Evidence of wt ATRX
10	Evidence of BRAF V600E mutation
11	Evidence of wt BRAF
12	Evidence of KIAA1549-BRAF fusion
13	Evidence of BRAF/RAF1 mutations, or fusions involving genes other than KIAA1549

National code	National code definition
14	Evidence of C11orf95-RELA fusion
15	Evidence of native C11orf95 and RELA
16	Evidence of amplification or fusion of C19MC locus (chr.19q13.42)
17	Evidence of unaltered C19MC locus (chr.19q13.42)
18	Evidence of CDK4/6 amplification
19	Evidence of CDK4/6 normal copy number
20	Evidence of CDKN2A locus homozygous deletion
21	Evidence of CDKN2A locus normal copy number
22	Evidence of CCND1/2/3 amplification
23	Evidence of CCND1/2/3 normal copy number
24	Evidence of CTNNB1 mutation
25	Evidence of wt CTNNB1
26	Evidence of amplification of EGFR
27	Evidence of mutation / rearrangement of EGFR
28	Evidence of unaltered EGFR
29	Evidence of EWSR1-FLI1 fusion
30	Evidence of native EWSR1 and FLI1
31	Evidence of FGFR1 mutation / rearrangement / fusion
32	Evidence of unaltered FGFR1
33	Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) K27M mutation
34	Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) wt K27
35	Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) G34R/V mutation
36	Evidence of H3F3A/H3F3B (H3.3) wt G34
37	Evidence of HIST1H3B K27M mutation
38	Evidence of HIST1H3B wt K27
39	Evidence of HIST1H3C K27M mutation
40	Evidence of HIST1H3C wt K27
41	Evidence of ID2 amplification
42	Evidence of ID2 normal copy number
43	IDH1 (codon 132) or IDH2 (codon 172) mutation identified
44	IDH1 (codon 132) and IDH2 (codon 172) wt confirmed
45	Evidence of KLF4 K409Q and TRAF7 mutations
46	Evidence of wt KLF4 and TRAF7

National code	National code definition
47	Evidence of MAP2K1 mutation
48	Evidence of wt MAP2K1
49	Evidence of MET amplification
50	Evidence of MET normal copy number
51	Evidence of significant MGMT promoter methylation
52	Evidence of unmethylated MGMT promoter
53	Evidence of MYC/MYCN amplification
54	Evidence of MYC/MYCN normal copy number
55	Evidence of NF1 biallelic loss / mutation
56	Evidence of unaltered NF1
57	Evidence of NF2 biallelic loss / mutation
58	Evidence of unaltered NF2
59	Evidence of NKTR fusions
60	Evidence of native NKTR
61	Evidence of PTEN biallelic loss / mutation
62	Evidence of unaltered PTEN
63	Evidence of SDHB or SDHD mutation
64	Evidence of wt SDHB and SDHD
65	Evidence of SHH pathway activation
66	Evidence of normal SHH pathway
67	Evidence of inactivation of SMARCB1 (INI1)
68	Evidence of wt SMARCB1 (INI1)
69	Evidence of inactivation of SMARCA4
70	Evidence of wt SMARCA4
71	Evidence of TERT promotor mutation
72	Evidence of wt TERT promotor
73	Evidence of TP53 mutation
74	Evidence of wt TP53
75	Evidence of TSC1 or TSC2 mutation
76	Evidence of wt TSC1 and TSC2
77	Evidence of VHL mutation
78	Evidence of wt VHL gene
79	Evidence of WNT pathway activation

National code	National code definition
80	Evidence of normal WNT pathway
81	Evidence of WWTR1-CAMTA1 fusion
82	Evidence of native WWTR1 and CAMTA1
83	Evidence of codeletion of chr.1p and chr.19q
84	Evidence of total chr.1p loss but normal copy number of chr.19q
85	Evidence of normal copy number of both chr.1p and chr.19q
86	Evidence of monosomy chr.6
87	Evidence of chr.6 normal copy number
88	Evidence of polysomy chr.7
89	Evidence of chr.7 normal copy number
90	Evidence of loss of chr.10 or chr.10q
91	Evidence of chr.10 normal copy number
92	Evidence of loss of chr.22 or chr.22q
93	Evidence of chr.22 or chr.22q normal copy number
98	Other
99	Not Known (Not Recorded)

The old codes (below) can be mapped as follows to enable a seamless transition to v4, where old reports are re-submitted as part of a clinical review.

Old Codes and Descriptions		New Codes and Descriptions	
01	Evidence of IDH1 or IDH2 mutation	43	IDH1 (codon 132) or IDH2 (codon 172) mutation identified
02	Evidence of methylation of the MGMT gene CpG island	51	Evidence of significant MGMT promoter methylation
03	Evidence of total loss of 1p and 19q	83	Evidence of codeletion of chr.1p and chr.19q
04	Evidence of KIAA 1549-BRAF fusion gene	12	Evidence of KIAA1549-BRAF fusion
05	Other	98	Other

Immunohistochemistry Hormone Expression Type:

Hormone expression by immunohistochemistry. for pituitary adenomas only. This may involve selection of more than one value, as it is a repeating data item.

National code	National code definition
0	Non functioning
1	ACTH
2	LH
3	FSH
4	Alpha-subunit
5	TSH
6	Prolactin
7	Growth Hormone

COLORECTAL – Pathology

This is the site specific section for additional colorectal cancer specific data items to be recorded. These will be aligned within the schema to form a single report.

May be up to one occurrence per pathology report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pCO5190	Positive Proximal or Distal Resection Margin	an1	R
pCO5210	Distance to Circumferential Margin	max n2.max n2	R
pCO5260	Plane of Surgical Excision	an1	R
pCO5270	Distance From Dentate Line	max n3.max n2	R
pCO5280	Distance Beyond Muscularis Propria	max n3.max n2	R
pCO5290	Response to Preoperative Therapy	an2	R
pCO5300	Status of Circumferential Excision Margin	an1	R

Note the following data item has been retired from v4.0:

- Grade of Differentiation (Colorectal Pathological)

Positive Proximal or Distal Resection Margin:

Record whether the proximal or distal resection margins were involved. If the minimal distance from the cut margin is less than or equal to 1 mm the margin is considered 'involved'.

National code	National code definition
0	Margin not involved
1	Margin involved
8	Not submitted by pathologist
9	Not known

Note:

- '8 - Not submitted by pathologist' is a new attribute for v4

Distance to Circumferential Margin:

Record the distance from the outer margin of the tumour to the closest non-peritonealised circumferential resection margin in mm. rectal cancers only.

Plane of Surgical Excision:

For rectal cancers only. This is the quality of the surgical excision as seen by the pathologist. This grades the resection on its worst plane.

National code	National code definition
1	Mesorectal fascia
2	Intramesorectal
3	Muscularis propria

Distance From Dentate Line:

For abdominoperineal excision specimens only. Record the distance of the tumour from the dentate line in mm measured on the gross specimen.

Distance Beyond Muscularis Propria:

Maximum distance of spread beyond muscularis propria in mm. If there is doubt about the sites of the muscularis propria estimate the distance as accurately as possible.

Response to Preoperative Therapy:

If preoperative therapy was given what was the response.

National code	National code definition
08	No viable cancer cells (TRS 0)
09	Single cells or rare small groups of cancer cells (TRS 1)
10	Residual cancer with evident tumour regression (TRS 2)
11	No evident tumour regression (TRS 3)
97	Not Applicable

Notes:

- '4', '5', '6', '7' have been removed from the data set from v4
- '08', '09', '10', '11' and '97' are new attributes for v4

Status of Circumferential Excision Margin:

Record if the edge of the tumour is 1 mm or less from the circumferential resection margin (i.e. margin involved) circumferential margin refers to the completeness of the surgeon's resection margin in the opinion of the histopathologist. In parts of the colon where it is

completely surrounded by peritoneum, recording of the Circumferential Resection Margin (CRM) is not appropriate.

National code	National code definition
0	Margin not involved
1	Margin involved
9	Not known

CHILDREN TEENAGERS AND YOUNG ADULTS – Renal Pathology (Paediatric Kidney)

This is the site specific section for additional children teenagers and young adult cancer specific data items to be recorded. These will be aligned within the schema to form a single report.

May be up to one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pCT6610	Tumour Rupture	an1	R
pCT6620	Anaplastic Nephroblastoma	an1	R
pCT6630	Perirenal Fat Invasion	an1	R
pCT6640	Renal Sinus Invasion	an1	R
pCT6650	Renal Vein Tumour	an1	R
pCT6680	Viable Tumour at Resection Margin	an1	R
pCT6670	Tumour Local Stage (Pathological)	an1	R

Note the following data item has been retired from v4.0:

- Viable Tumour

Tumour Rupture:

Integrity of tumour margins based on pathologist's assessment.

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
X	Not stated

Anaplastic Nephroblastoma:

Is there evidence of anaplasia, focal or diffused, based on established pathological classification.

National code	National code definition
F	Focal
D	Diffused
U	Uncertain

Note:

- 'F' and 'D' national code definition have been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set

Perirenal Fat Invasion:

Are there areas of perirenal fat suspected for tumour infiltration?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
U	Uncertain

Renal Sinus Invasion:

Is there evidence of invasion of renal sinus by tumour?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
U	Uncertain

Renal Vein Tumour:

Is there evidence of tumour thrombus in the renal vein?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No

National code	National code definition
U	Uncertain

Viable Tumour At Resection Margin:

This is a new data item for v4 and replaces CT6660. Is there evidence of viable tumour in the renal sinus?

National code	National code definition
V	Viable
N	Non-viable
X	Not applicable

Tumour Local Stage (Pathological):

Local stage of the tumour as assessed by pathologist. Classification system used is International Society of Paediatric Oncology (SIOP).

National code	National code definition
1	Stage I
2	Stage II
3	Stage III

GYNAECOLOGICAL – Pathology

This is the site specific section for additional gynaecological cancer specific data items to be recorded. These will be aligned within the schema to form a single report.

May be one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pGY7050	Fallopian Tube Involvement	an1	R
pGY7120	Ovarian Involvement	an1	R
pGY7130	Serosal Involvement	an1	R
pGY7100	Omental Involvement	an1	R

Fallopian Tube Involvement:

For endometrial and epithelial/ovarian cancers, is there microscopic involvement of fallopian tubes?

National code	National code definition
1	Not involved
2	Right involved
3	Left involved
4	Both involved
X	Not assessable

Ovarian Involvement:

For endometrial and fallopian cancers, is there microscopic involvement of ovaries?

National code	National code definition
1	Not involved
2	Right involved
3	Left involved
4	Both involved
X	Not assessable

Serosal Involvement:

For endometrial, epithelial/ovarian and fallopian cancers, is there microscopic involvement of uterine serosa?

National code	National code definition
X	Not Assessable
I	Invasive carcinoma
B	Borderline changes (non-invasive implants)
N	Not involved

Notes:

- 'Y' and 'N' have been removed from the data set from v4
- 'I', 'B' and 'N' are new attributes for v4

Omental Involvement:

For endometrium, ovary, fallopian tube and primary peritoneum cancers, is there involvement of the omentum?

National code	National code definition
1	Involved – deposit size not specified
2	Involved – deposit(s) 20mm or less
3	Involved – deposit(s) greater than 20mm
4	Not involved
X	Not assessable/not sent

GYNAECOLOGICAL - Pathology - Fallopian Tube, Ovarian Epithelial and Primary Peritoneal

May be one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pGY7140	Capsule Status	an1	R
pGY7190	Ovarian Surface Involvement	an1	R

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pGY7170	Peritoneal Cytology	an1	R
pGY7180	Peritoneal Involvement	an1	R

Note the following data item has been moved to the cervical table in v4.0:

- Invasive Thickness

Capsule Status:

Capsule status of ovaries (record the most severe).

National code	National code definition
1	Intact
2	Disrupted
3	Involved
X	Not assessable

Ovarian Surface Involvement:

Is there involvement of the surface of either ovary?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
X	Not assessable

Peritoneal Cytology:

Result of peritoneal cytology.

National code	National code definition
1	Involved
2	Not involved
3	Equivocal
X	Not sent

Peritoneal Involvement:

Is there peritoneal involvement?

National code	National code definition
N	No (Not Involved)
X	Not assessable / Not sent
I	Invasive carcinoma/ invasive implants
B	Non-invasive borderline implants

Notes:

- 'Y' has been removed from the data set from v4
- 'N', 'I' and 'B' national code definition have been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set

GYNAECOLOGICAL - Pathology – Endometrial

May be one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pGY7240	Involvement of Cervical Stroma	an1	R
pGY7260	Myometrial Invasion	an1	R
pGY7270	Parametrium Involvement	an1	R
pGY7280	Peritoneal Washings	an1	R
pGY7500	Peritoneal Involvement (Endometrial)	an1	R
pGY7510	Site Of Peritoneal Involvement	an1	R

Involvement of Cervical Stroma:

Is there microscopic involvement of cervical stroma?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes (Involved)
N	No (Not involved)

National code	National code definition
X	Not Assessable

Note:

- 'Y' and 'N' national code definition have been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set

Myometrial Invasion:

Is there microscopic evidence of myometrial invasion?

National code	National code definition
3	Greater than or equal to 50%
4	None or less than 50%

Notes:

- '1' and '2' have been removed from the data set from v4
- '3' and '4' are new attributes from v4

Parametrium Involvement:

Is there microscopic involvement of parametrium?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes (Involved)
N	No (Not involved)
X	Not Assessable

Note:

- 'Y' and 'N' national code definition have been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set

Peritoneal Washings:

Were peritoneal washings submitted and if so were malignant cells seen? These attributes have been changed after discussions with HSCIC (Data Dictionary Team).

National code	National code definition
P	Positive

National code	National code definition
N	Negative
X	Not sent/Not assessable

Peritoneal Involvement (Endometrial):

This is a new data item in v4. Is there involvement of peritoneum?

National code	National code definition
Y	Involved
N	Not involved
X	Not assessable

Site Of Peritoneal Involvement:

This is a new data item in v4. If there is peritoneal involvement, which site(s) is involved?

National code	National code definition
P	Pelvic
A	Abdominal
X	Not assessable

GYNAECOLOGICAL - Pathology – Cervical

May be one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pGY7290	CGIN Grade	an1	R
pGY7300	CIN Grade	an1	R
pGY7350	Smile	an1	R
pGY7310	Excision Margin (Pre Invasive)	an1	R
pGY7340	Paracervical or Parametrial Involvement	an1	R
pGY7360	Thickness Uninvolved Stroma	max n2.max n2	R

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pGY7370	Vaginal Involvement	an1	R
pGY7450	Invasive Thickness	max n2.max n2	R

CGIN Grade:

Specify presence and grade of CGIN (cervical glandular intraepithelial neoplasia).

National code	National code definition
1	Low
2	High
3	Not present
X	Not assessable

CIN Grade:

Specify presence and grade of CIN (cervical intra-epithelial neoplasia).

National code	National code definition
1	Grade 1
2	Grade 2
3	Grade 3
4	Not Present
X	Not Assessable

SMILE:

Specify presence of SMILE (Stratified Mucin-Producing Intra-Epithelial Lesion).

National code	National code definition
1	Present
2	Absent
X	Not assessable

Excision Margin (Pre Invasive):

Is there evidence of resection margin involvement by in situ/pre invasive disease (CIN, CGIN, and SMILE).

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
X	Not assessable

Paracervical or Parametrial Involvement:

Is there evidence of paracervical and/or parametrial involvement?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
X	Not assessable

Thickness Uninvolved Stroma:

Minimum thickness of uninvolved cervical stroma in millimetres (mm) (minimum tumour-free rim).

Vaginal Involvement:

Is there evidence of microscopic vaginal involvement?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
X	Not assessable

Invasive Thickness:

This data item has moved in v4 to its correct section. Record the thickness or depth of the invasive lesion in mm.

GYNAECOLOGICAL - Pathology - Nodes

May be one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pGY7060	Nodes Examined Number (Para-Aortic)	max n2	R
pGY7080	Nodes Positive Number (Para-Aortic)	max n2	R
pGY7070	Nodes Examined Number (Pelvic)	max n2	R
pGY7090	Nodes Positive Number (Pelvic)	max n2	R
pGY7410	Nodes Examined Number (Inguino-Femoral)	max n2	R
pGY7420	Nodes Positive Number (Inguino-Femoral)	max n2	R
pGY7230	Extranodal Spread	an1	R

Note the following data item has been retired from v4.0:

- Nodal Status Cervical Cancer

Nodes Examined Number (Para-Aortic):

The number of para-aortic nodes examined. (Not applicable for vulval cancers) Use 0 if nodes not sent.

Nodes Positive Number (Para-Aortic):

The number of para-aortic nodes reported as being positive for the presence of tumour metastases. (Not applicable for vulval cancers).

Nodes Examined Number (Pelvic):

The number of pelvic nodes examined (Not applicable for vulval cancers). Use 0 if nodes not sent.

Nodes Positive Number (Pelvic):

The number of pelvic nodes reported as being positive for the presence of tumour metastases. (Not applicable for vulval cancers).

Nodes Examined Number (Inguino-Femoral):

The number of inguino-femoral nodes examined. (Only applicable to vulval cancers). Use 0 if nodes not sent.

Nodes Positive Number (Inguino-Femoral):

The number of inguino-femoral nodes reported as being positive for the presence of tumour metastases. (Only applicable to vulval cancers).

Extranodal Spread:

Is there evidence of extranodal spread/extension?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
X	Not assessable

HAEMATOLOGY – Pathology

Currently, Haematology has no additional site-specific histopathological data items to collect. Please use the Core-Pathology data items and the free text field for all haematology diagnoses.

Haematology Oncology Data Set (HODS)

The main difference in this data to normal histopathology is that it should be an amalgamation of multiple tests, which are looked at by a specialist and a final diagnosis reached. The report text and diagnosis codes are based upon tests from multiple specimens and should ideally contain an integrated summary as well as an overall conclusion and code.

In addition, HODS have their own specific haematology diagnostic systems used to collect these data. It is important however, that an extract from these HODS systems is created monthly for all registerable cancer diagnoses.

It is vital that pathology (laboratory) managers work with their regional NDRS Liaison Managers and NDRS regional centres to test files before submission, to ensure that all file formats pass validation.

HEAD and NECK – Pathology

This is the site specific section for additional head and neck cancer specific data items to be recorded. These will be aligned within the schema to form a single report.

HEAD & NECK – Pathology – Various

May be one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pHN9300	Maximum Depth of Invasion	max n3	R
pHN9310	Bone Invasion	an1	R
pHN9320	Cartilage Invasion	an1	R
pHN9330	Neck Dissection Laterality	an1	R

Maximum Depth of Invasion:

The maximum depth of invasion in mm. Record as 00 to indicate 'not applicable', (This is not applicable for nasopharynx, hypopharynx, nasal cavity or sinuses).

Bone Invasion [Bone Invasion Indication Code]:

Is there evidence of invasion into bone? This is not applicable to many sites as bone not resected.

National code	National code definition
1	Present
2	Absent
3	Not assessed
4	Not applicable

Cartilage Invasion:

Is there evidence of invasion into cartilage? This is not applicable to many sites as cartilage is not resected.

National code	National code definition
1	Present
2	Absent
3	Not assessed
4	Not applicable

Neck Dissection Laterality:

Identify laterality of neck dissection if performed.

National code	National code definition
1	Left
2	Right
3	Bilateral
4	Not performed
8	Not applicable

HEAD & NECK – Pathology – Salivary

May be one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pHN9390	Macroscopic Extraglandular Extension	an1	M

Macroscopic Extraglandular Extension:

Macroscopic extension of tumour outside the capsule of the salivary gland.

National code	National code definition
1	Present (Yes)
2	Absent (No)

Note:

- '1' and '2' national code definition has been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set

HEAD & NECK – Pathology – General and Salivary

May be one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pHN9400	Positive Nodes Laterality	an1	R
pHN9410	Largest Metastasis Left Neck	max n3	R
pHN9420	Largest Metastasis Right Neck	max n3	R
pHN9430	Extracapsular Spread	an1	R

Positive Nodes Laterality:

If nodes positive specify laterality.

National code	National code definition
1	Left
2	Right
3	Bilateral
8	Not applicable

Largest Metastasis Left Neck:

If Neck dissected on Left side, the size in mm of the largest metastasis.

Largest Metastasis Right Neck:

If Neck dissected on Right side, the size in mm of the largest metastasis.

Extracapsular Spread:

Invasion of metastatic tumour outside the capsule of a lymph node.

National code	National code definition
1	Present
2	Absent
3	Not assessable

HEAD & NECK – Pathology – Human Papillomavirus (HPV)

This is a new section in v4 to accurately record HPV testing for head and neck cancers.

May be one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pHN9500	p16 Testing Indicator	an1	R
pHN9510	HPV-ISH Testing	an1	R

p16 Testing Indicator:

This is a new data item in v4. Indicate the result of p16 immunohistochemistry.

National code	National code definition
P	Positive
N	Negative
X	Not Performed/Not Known

HPV-ISH Testing:

This is a new data item in v4. Indicate the result of HPV-ISH testing (Human Papillomavirus – In Situ Hybridisation).

National code	National code definition
P	Positive
N	Negative
X	Not Performed/Not Known

LIVER and CHOLANGIOCARCINOMA

Currently, there are no additional site-specific histopathological data items to collect for Liver or Cholangiocarcinoma diagnoses. Please use the 'Core-Pathology' data items and the free text field for all cases reported.

LUNG – Pathology

This is the site specific section for additional lung cancer specific data items to be recorded. These will be aligned within the schema to form a single report.

May be up to one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pLU10110	Extent of Atelectasis	an1	R
pLU10120	Extent of Pleural Invasion	an1	R
pLU10130	Pericardial Invasion	an1	R
pLU10140	Diaphragm Invasion	an1	R
pLU10150	Invasion Into Great Vessel	an1	R
pLU10160	Invasion Into Heart	an1	R
pLU10170	Malignant Pleural Effusion	an1	R
pLU10190	Invasion Into Mediastinum	an1	R
pLU10180	Satellite Tumour Nodules Location	an1	R

Note the following data item has been retired from v4.0:

- Proximity to Carina

Extent of Atelectasis:

Extent of atelectasis/obstructive pneumonitis.

National code	National code definition
4	Extends to the hilar region, either involving part of the lung or the whole lung
5	None/less than the other category

Notes:

- '1', '2' and '3' have been removed from the data set from v4
- "4" and "5" are new attributes in v4

Extent of Pleural Invasion:

What is the extent of pleural invasion?

National code	National code definition
1	No pleural invasion
2	Visceral pleura only
3	Parietal pleura/chest wall

Note:

- '4 - Mediastinal pleura' has been removed from the data set from v4

Pericardial Invasion:

Does the tumour invade the pericardium?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
9	Not known (Cannot be assessed)

Note:

- '9 – Not known (Cannot be assessed)' national code definition has been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set

Diaphragm Invasion:

Does the tumour invade the diaphragm?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
9	Not known (Cannot be assessed)

Note:

- '9 – Not known (Cannot be assessed)' national code definition has been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set

Invasion Into Great Vessel:

Does the tumour invade the great vessels (aorta, central pulmonary artery or vein)?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
9	Not known (Cannot be assessed)

Note:

- '9 – Not known (Cannot be assessed)' national code definition has been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set

Invasion Into Heart:

Does the tumour invade the Atrium or Heart?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
9	Not known (Cannot be assessed)

Note:

- '9 – Not known (Cannot be assessed)' national code definition has been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set

Malignant Pleural Effusion:

Is there evidence of malignant pleural effusion?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
9	Not known (Cannot be assessed)

Note:

- '9 – Not known (Cannot be assessed)' national code definition has been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set

Invasion Into Mediastinum:

This is a new data item in v4. Is there evidence of malignant pleural effusion?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
9	Not known (Cannot be assessed)

Satellite Tumour Nodules Location:

Record the most distant location of separate tumour nodules.

National code	National code definition
1	Separate tumour nodules in same lobe
2	Separate tumour nodules in a different ipsilateral lobe
3	Separate tumour nodules in a contralateral lobe
4	No separate tumour nodules
9	Not known

SARCOMA – Pathology

This is the site specific section for additional sarcoma cancer specific data items to be recorded. These will be aligned within the schema to form a single report.

SARCOMA - Pathology - Bone and Soft Tissue

May be one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pSA11170	Genetic Confirmation Indicator	an1	R

Note the following data item has been retired from v4.0:

- Sarcoma Surgical Margin Adequacy

Genetic Confirmation Indicator:

Are there any cytogenetic or molecular genetic data confirming the histological diagnosis?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes, confirmed
N	No, not confirmed
X	Test not done

SARCOMA – Pathology – Bone

May be one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pSA11130	Extent of Local Spread (Bone)	an1	R
pSA11140	Tumour Necrosis	max n3	R

Extent Of Local Spread (Bone) [Tumour Breach Identifier]:

For medullary tumours only. Does the tumour breach the cortex? The extent of local spread will determine whether the tumour is intracompartmental or extracompartmental.

National code	National code definition
I	Intracompartmental
E	Extracompartmental

Tumour Necrosis:

Approximate percentage of tumour necrosis in response to pre-operative therapy. Range 0 to 100

SARCOMA – Pathology – Soft Tissue

May be one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pSA11100	Tumour Depth	an1	R
pSA11220	Mitotic Rate (Sarcoma)	max n3	R

Tumour Depth:

Record the deepest tissue compartment where the tumour is located.

National code	National code definition
1	Intradermal/cutaneous
2	Subcutaneous
3	Fascial/subfascial
9	Not known

Mitotic Rate (Sarcoma):

Mitotic rate per 5mm squared. Also known as mitotic index and mitotic count. Component used to stage GISTs. Only applicable to GISTs.

SKIN – Pathology

This is the site specific section for additional skin cancer specific data items to be recorded. These will be aligned within the schema to form a single report. Data items within the following groups have been re-ordered to improve data collection and prevent errors, in some cases the same data item may be collected within more than one section.

SKIN – Pathology – Basal Cell Carcinoma (BCC)

This is a new section for v4 and allows for only Basal Cell Carcinoma (BCC) data to be recorded.

May be one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pSK12120	Skin Cancer Lesion Indicator	max an3	R
pSK12530	Perineural Invasion	an1	R
pSK12537	Lesion Diameter Greater Than 20mm Indicator	an1	R

Note the following data items has been retired from v4.0:

- Deep Invasion Indicator for PT3
- Deep Invasion Indicator for PT4

Skin Cancer Lesion Indicator:

This is the specimen number or letter used to identify the specimen within a report. Where more than one primary skin cancer is reported on the same pathology report, record the lesion number or letter as specified on the pathology report.

Perineural Invasion:

Is there perineural invasion (invasion into perineurium of nerve bundles – PNI).

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes (Present)
N	No (Not identified)
X	Cannot be assessed

National code	National code definition
9	Not known

Lesion Diameter Greater Than 20mm Indicator:
Is the diameter of the lesion greater than 20mm?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes (Greater than 20mm)
N	No (Less than or equal to 20mm)
U	Uncertain
X	Cannot be assessed
9	Not known

SKIN – Pathology – Squamous Cell Carcinoma (SCC)

This is a new section for v4 and allows for only Squamous Cell Carcinoma (SCC) data to be recorded.

May be one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pSK12120	Skin Cancer Lesion Indicator	max an3	R
pSK12530	Perineural Invasion	an1	R
pSK12537	Lesion Diameter Greater Than 20mm Indicator	an1	R
pSK12545	Clarks Level IV Indicator	an1	R
pSK12565	Lesion Vertical Thickness Greater Than 2mm Indicator	an1	R

Skin Cancer Lesion Indicator:

This is the specimen number or letter used to identify the specimen within a report. Where more than one primary skin cancer is reported on the same pathology report, record the lesion number or letter as specified on the pathology report.

Perineural Invasion:

Is there perineural invasion (invasion into perineurium of nerve bundles – PNI)?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes (Present)
N	No (Not identified)
X	Cannot be assessed
9	Not known

Lesion Diameter Greater Than 20mm Indicator:

Is the diameter of the lesion greater than 20mm?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes (Greater than 20mm)
N	No (Less than or equal to 20mm)
U	Uncertain
X	Cannot be assessed
9	Not known

Clarks Level IV Indicator:

Greater than or equal to Clarks level IV.

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
U	Uncertain
X	Cannot be assessed

Notes:

- 'Clark level IV Indicator' is only required to differentiate between T1a and T1b melanomas when mitotic rate cannot be measured AND in the absence of ulceration
- in these cases, 'Clarks level IV' or above categorises the melanoma as stage T1b

Lesion Vertical Thickness Greater Than 2mm Indicator:

Is the vertical thickness of the lesion greater than 2mm?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes (Greater than 2mm)
N	No (Less than or equal to 2mm)
U	Uncertain
X	Cannot be assessed
9	Not known

SKIN – Pathology – Malignant Melanoma (MM)

This section allows for only Malignant Melanoma (MM) data to be recorded.

May be one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pSK12120	Skin Cancer Lesion Indicator	max an3	R
pSK12580	Ulceration Indicator	an1	R
pSK12590	Mitotic Rate (Skin)	max n3	R
pSK12600	Microsatellite or in-Transit Metastasis Indicator	an1	R
pSK12620	Tumour Regression Indicator	an1	R
pSK12630	Breslow Thickness	max n2.max n2	R
pSK12430	Tumour Infiltrating Lymphocytes (TILS)	an1	R
pSK12460	Sentinel Nodes Examined Number	max n2	R
pSK12470	Sentinel Nodes Positive Number	max n2	R
pSK12480	Post SNB Completion Lymphadenectomy – Nodes Sampled Number	max n2	R

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pSK12490	Post SNB Completion Lymphadenectomy – Nodes Positive Number	max n2	R

Skin Cancer Lesion Indicator:

This is the specimen number or letter used to identify the specimen within a report. Where more than one primary skin cancer is reported on the same pathology report, record the lesion number or letter as specified on the pathology report.

Ulceration Indicator:

Loss of full thickness of epidermis associated with reactive changes (ulceration).

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes (Present)
N	No (Not identified)
U	Uncertain
X	Cannot be assessed
9	Not known

Mitotic Rate (Skin):

Mitotic rate per square millimetres (mm).

Note:

- May also be known as Mitotic Index or Count

Microsatellite Or In-Transit Metastasis Indicator:

Is there evidence of Microsatellite or in transit metastases?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes (Present)
N	No (Not identified)
U	Uncertain
X	Cannot be assessed
9	Not known

Tumour Regression Indicator:

Area of loss of tumour associated with reactive changes.

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes (Present)
N	No (Not identified)
U	Uncertain
X	Cannot be assessed
9	Not known

Breslow Thickness:

Breslow thickness in mm, can be recorded to nearest 0.01mm where clinically appropriate.

Note:

- 'Breslow Thickness' should be measured to a minimum of one decimal place but at times to a greater degree of precision as to allow accurate

Tumour Infiltrating Lymphocytes (TILS):

Type of TILS. Tumour infiltrating lymphocytes (TILS) are white blood cells that have left the bloodstream and migrated into a tumour.

National code	National code definition
N	Non-brisk
B	Brisk
A	Absent

Sentinel Nodes Examined Number:

Number of sentinel nodes sampled.

Sentinel Nodes Positive Number:

Number of sentinel nodes positive.

Post SNB Completion Lymphadenectomy – Nodes Sampled Number:

Post SNB completion lymphadenectomy, number of nodes sampled. This procedure is not carried out in all cases.

Post SNB Completion Lymphadenectomy – Nodes Positive Number:

Post SNB completion lymphadenectomy, number of nodes positive. This procedure is not carried out in all cases.

UPPER GI – Pathology

This is the site specific section for additional Upper GI cancer specific data items to be recorded. These will be aligned within the schema to form a single report.

May be up to one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pUG14500	Total Number of Colorectal Metastases in Liver Code	Max n2	R
pUG14480	Excision Margin (Proximal, Distal)	an1	R
pUG14490	Excision Margin (Circumferential)	an1	R

Note the following data item has been retired from v4.0:

- Number of Colorectal Metastases in Liver Code

Total Number of Colorectal Metastases in Liver Code:

Record the total number of colorectal metastases identified in the resected liver.

Excision Margin (Proximal, Distal):

Identify whether either proximal or distal margin is involved. Involved equals 1mm or less, not involved equals greater than 1mm.

National code	National code definition
0	Margin not involved
1	Margin involved
9	Not known

Excision Margin (Circumferential):

Identify whether circumferential margin is involved. Involved equals 1mm or less, not involved equals greater than 1mm.

National code	National code definition
0	Margin not involved

National code	National code definition
1	Margin involved
9	Not known

UROLOGICAL – Pathology

This is the site specific section for additional urological cancer specific data items to be recorded. These will be aligned within the schema to form a single report.

UROLOGY – Pathology – Bladder

May be one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pUR15120	Detrusor Muscle Presence Indicator	an1	R
pUR15290	Tumour Grade (Urology)	an1	R

Detrusor Muscle Presence Indicator:

Bladder only. Presence or absence of detrusor muscle in the specimen.

National code	National code definition
1	Present (Yes)
2	Absent (No)
9	Not known
I	Indeterminate
X	Not applicable

Notes:

- '1' and '2' national code definition has been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set
- 'I' and 'X' are new attributes in v4

Tumour Grade (Urology):

Bladder only. Specify whether Low, High Grade or PUNLMP (Papillary Urothelial Neoplasm of Low Malignant Potential).

National code	National code definition
L	Low

National code	National code definition
H	High
P	PUNLMP
X	Not applicable

UROLOGY – Pathology – Kidney

May be one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pUR15130	Tumour Necrosis Indicator	an1	R
pUR15140	Perinephric Fat Invasion	an1	R
pUR15150	Adrenal Invasion	an1	R
pUR15160	Renal Vein Tumour	an1	R
pUR15170	Gerota's Fascia Invasion	an1	R

Tumour Necrosis Indicator:

Is there evidence of coagulative tumour necrosis?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
1	Macroscopic (confluent)
2	Microscopic (coagulative)
3	Not identified
8	Cannot be assessed (for example, post embolisation)

Note:

- '1', '2', '3' and '8' are new attributes in v4

Perinephric Fat Invasion:

Is there evidence of perinephric fat invasion?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes (Present)
N	No (Not Identified)
9	Cannot be assessed/Not applicable

Notes:

- 'Y' and 'N' national code definition has been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set
- '9' is a new attribute in v4

Adrenal Invasion:

Is there evidence of direct adrenal invasion?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
1	Present, direct extension
2	Present, metastasis
3	Not identified
8	Cannot be assessed/Not applicable

Note:

- '1', '2', '3' and '8' are new attributes in v4

Renal Vein Tumour:

Is there evidence of tumour thrombus in the renal vein?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No
U	Uncertain
1	Microscopic involvement only
2	Gross involvement confirmed microscopically
3	Not identified
8	Cannot be assessed/Not applicable

Note:

- '1', '2', '3' and '8' are new attributes in v4

Gerota's Fascia Invasion:

Is there evidence of invasion into Gerota's fascia?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes (Present)
N	No (Not Identified)
9	Cannot be assessed/Not applicable

Notes:

- 'Y' and 'N' national code definition has been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set
- '9' is a new attribute in v4

UROLOGY – Pathology – Penis

May be one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pUR15180	Corpus Spongiosum Invasion	an1	R
pUR15190	Corpus Cavernosum Invasion	an1	R
pUR15200	Urethra or Prostate Invasion	an1	R

Corpus Spongiosum Invasion:

Is there evidence of invasion into corpus spongiosum?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No

Corpus Cavernosum Invasion:

Is there evidence of invasion into corpus cavernosum?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No

Urethra Or Prostate Invasion:

Is there evidence of invasion into the urethra or prostate?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes
N	No

UROLOGY – Pathology – Prostate

May be one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pUR15210	Gleason Grade (Primary)	an1	R
pUR15220	Gleason Grade (Secondary)	an1	R
pUR15230	Gleason Grade (Tertiary)	an1	R
pUR15240	Perineural Invasion	an1	R
pUR15270	TURP Tumour Percentage	max n3	R

Note the following data item has been retired from v4.0:

- Organ Confined
- Seminal Vesicles Invasion

The following applies to the next 3 data items.

- format an1 used to align with 'Data Dictionary' rules.
- the Gleason Grading System is used to help evaluate the prognosis of men with prostate cancer.

- a pathologist assigns a Gleason grade to the most common tumour pattern in a biopsy specimen (Primary Grade) then the second most common (Secondary Grade).
- the grades are added together to give the Gleason Score. Sometimes pathologists will also give a grade to a third component of the specimen (Tertiary Grade) although this recorded separately and is not added to the score.

Gleason Grade (Primary):

What is the most extensive Gleason grade?

National code	National code definition
2 to 5	Range 2 to 5 (IN CATEGORIES)

Note:

- both the national code range and national code definition has been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set

Gleason Grade (Secondary):

If additional grades are present, what is the highest grade (biopsy) or the second most extensive grade (TURP and radicals)? If no additional grades are present, primary and secondary grades are the same.

National code	National code definition
2 to 5	Range 2 to 5 (IN CATEGORIES)

Note:

- both the national code range and national code definition has been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set

Gleason Grade (Tertiary):

Is there a different third grade in addition the primary and secondary grades and what is its value? Note that this is only applicable to about 5% of prostate cases. It is important to note that the Tertiary Grade is not the added value of the Primary and Secondary Gleason.

National code	National code definition
3 to 5 8 to Not applicable	Range 3 to 5 and Not applicable (IN CATEGORIES)

Note:

- both the national code range and national code definition has been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set

Perineural Invasion:

Is there perineural invasion (invasion into perineurium of nerve bundles- PNI).

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes (Present)
N	No (Not identified)
X	Cannot be assessed
9	Not Known

Note:

- 'Y' and 'N' national code definition has been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set

TURP Tumour Percentage:

For TURP only, what percentage of tumour if clinically unsuspected tumour. Range 0 to 100.

UROLOGY – Pathology – Testicular

May be one occurrence per Pathology Report (0..1)

Data item No.	Data Item Name	Format	Schema specification (M/R/O/X)
pUR15310	Rete Testes Invasion	an1	R

Rete Testes Invasion:

For Seminoma only, does the tumour invade the rete testis?

National code	National code definition
Y	Yes (Present)
N	No (Not identified)
X	Not applicable (Cannot be assessed)

Note:

- 'Y', 'N' and 'X' national code definition has been updated meet the 'RCPATH Core' data set

What's changed since user guide 3.0.3

This updated version of the User Guide includes new data-items, re-alignment of data structure, amendments and contains corrections – for example, where there were errors in previous versions and updates where clinical coding or staging values changed from COSD Pathology data set v3.0 and should be used to help data collection.

COSD v4.0, has further aligned all data items with those in the RCPATH 'Core' data sets. This has meant some data item name, description and/or list of attribute changes.

In addition, all pathological data item numbers have been prefixed with a 'p' and all others are interoperable with the main COSD v9 data set. This allows for updates and corrections to be made without having 2 data items in different data sets with the same data item number.

Throughout the data set there are now 'choices' which will make collecting and reporting data easier to understand and will be supported by the new schemas.

There are some key new sections within the CORE section, as below.

Linkage:

- either a 'NHS Number' or a 'Local Patient Identifier' must be provided with every record submitted
- date of birth is now mandatory

Core pathology:

- all records will have to have both an 'Investigation Result Date' and a 'Service Report Identifier' as mandatory fields from v9
- there are new ways for recording consultant data
- a choice has been created for topography and morphology
- Ki-67 has been added to the data set
- new data items have been added to record mismatch repair

Site specific sections:

- many data items have been updated to meet the RCPATH data set variables – this will improve ascertainment and reduce the burden of data collection (through duplication)

It is possible that some legacy data may not have all the required mandatory fields for v9. The recommendation is for Trusts to update their data to meet the new requirements and improve/enrich their data submissions, or not upload the legacy data items in the new record (if that data is not available).

Appendix A: SNOMED codes for primary diagnoses

The following guide shows all the registerable diseases by SNOMED code. Further guidance is available from your local NDRS office.

All conditions represented by all versions of SNOMED morphology codes (prior to CT) beginning M8 and M9 are registerable if the last digit of the code is in the range 1 to 9.

Benign Cancers

Codes ending in a zero (0=benign) are not registerable unless the corresponding SNOMED topography code is shown in table A1:

Table A1

Tumour Site	SNOMED2 Topography code (First 3/4 digits)	SNOMED International Topography code (First 3/4)
Pituitary Gland	T91	TB1
Pineal Body	T92	TB2
Brain and Central Nervous System	TX excluding TX05-TX07	TA0-TA8 excluding TA05-TA07

Non M8/M9 Morphologies

The following codes not beginning with M8 or M9 are registerable and should also be sent:

Table A2

SNOMED Morphology code	Tumour Site	SNOMED2 Topography code	SNOMED International
M49000	Bone Marrow	T06	TC1
M74008		All Sites excluding skin	
M74009		All Sites excluding skin	
M72860		All Sites including skin	

The WHO classification of tumours now considers keratoacanthoma a sub-type of squamous cell carcinoma, so the morphology code for keratoacanthoma (M72680) has been added to the list of morphologies to be included in the submission.

SNOMED CT

Versions of SNOMED prior to SNOMED CT ceased to be licenced by The International Health Terminology Standards Development Organisation (IHTSDO) after April 2017, other than for historical content.

All Trusts are therefore advised to report all SNOMED Topography and Histology from April 2017 in CT only.

Unfortunately, there is no simple rule (like M8* etc) to identify registerable diseases using SNOMED CT codes. The codes used must therefore be compared to explicit lists of registerable codes.

The explicit lists are available as subset for SNOMED CT via TRUD (registration is required):

<https://isd.digital.nhs.uk/trud3/user/authenticated/group/0/pack/40/subpack/279/releases>

The lists of registerable code are updated when SNOMED CT is updated (usually every 6 months).

The subset contains 6 clusters:

1. CLUSTER 1A Malignant diagnosis
2. CLUSTER 1B In situ diagnosis
3. CLUSTER 1C Uncertain diagnosis
4. CLUSTER 1D CNS neoplasms diagnosis
5. CLUSTER 2 Benign neoplasms diagnosis
6. CLUSTER 3 Anatomic structures of the Central Nervous system diagnosis

Trusts should submit cases to NDRS if the pathology report has been coded with a SNOMED CT conceptid from CLUSTER 1A, 1B, 1C or 1D. CLUSTER 1A, 1B and 1C code all malignant, in situ and uncertain behaviour tumours. Cluster 1D captures all CNS neoplasms where there is enough information in a single code to know it should be registered – for example, benign neoplasm of cerebrum (disorder).

Trusts should also submit a case to NDRS if the pathology report has been coded with SNOMED CT conceptids from both CLUSTER 2 and CLUSTER 3. CLUSTER 2 is benign neoplasms and CLUSTER 3 is CNS structures – NDRS only requires benign tumours to be sent if they are associated with the CNS.

When should the data be submitted?

The extraction criteria are based solely on the date authorised field.

The deadline for submitting a pathology report/record is 25 working days after the end of each month and should only be submitted once the pathologist has finished assessing each sample and authorises the report.

It is acceptable for pathology records to be submitted quicker than 25 working days, and in some cases are submitted in real-time as the pathologist authorises each report using the direct submission method through the NDRS API portal.

The reporting dates can be found on the [COSD](#) website.

Appendix B: cancer waiting times ICD10 codes and tumour groups for primary diagnoses

(Applicable from April 2012) These are registerable conditions for the purposes of Cancer Waiting Times and used within Cancer Registration, such as NDRS mandatory fields.

Notes:

- the following table lists all the registerable diseases by ICD10 code, together with the expected data set to be completed and the potential stage
- this table provides general guidelines only as not all permutations can be covered and there will always be exceptions, local clinical input is essential to identify and complete the appropriate stage
- further guidance is available from your local cancer registration service office

Key:

() = if applicable

* = different data set from CWT group specified

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C00.0	External upper lip	Head and Neck		•		
C00.1	External lower lip	Head and Neck		•		
C00.2	External lip, unspecified	Head and Neck		•		
C00.3	Upper lip, inner aspect	Head and Neck	•			
C00.4	Lower lip, inner aspect	Head and Neck	•			
C00.5	Lip, unspecified, inner aspect	Head and Neck	•			
C00.6	Commissure of lip	Head and Neck	•			
C00.8	Overlapping lesion of lip	Head and Neck	•			
C00.9	Lip, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C01	Malignant neoplasm of base of tongue	Head and Neck	•			
C02.0	Dorsal surface of tongue	Head and Neck	•			
C02.1	Border of tongue	Head and Neck	•			
C02.2	Ventral surface of tongue	Head and Neck	•			
C02.3	Anterior two-thirds of tongue, part unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C02.4	Lingual tonsil	Head and Neck	•			
C02.8	Overlapping lesion of tongue	Head and Neck	•			
C02.9	Tongue, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C03.0	Upper gum	Head and Neck	•			
C03.1	Lower gum	Head and Neck	•			
C03.9	Gum, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C04.0	Anterior floor of mouth	Head and Neck	•			
C04.1	Lateral floor of mouth	Head and Neck	•			
C04.8	Overlapping lesion of floor of mouth	Head and Neck	•			
C04.9	Floor of mouth, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C05.0	Hard palate	Head and Neck	•			
C05.1	Soft palate	Head and Neck	•			
C05.2	Uvula	Head and Neck	•			
C05.8	Overlapping lesion of palate	Head and Neck	•			
C05.9	Palate, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C06.0	Cheek mucosa	Head and Neck	•			

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C06.1	Vestibule of mouth	Head and Neck	•			
C06.2	Retromolar area	Head and Neck	•			
C06.8	Overlapping lesion of other and unspecified parts of mouth	Head and Neck	•			
C06.9	Mouth, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C07	Malignant neoplasm of parotid gland	Head and Neck	•			
C08.0	Submandibular gland	Head and Neck	•			
C08.1	Sublingual gland	Head and Neck	•			
C08.8	Overlapping lesion of major salivary glands	Head and Neck	•			
C08.9	Major salivary gland, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C09.0	Tonsillar fossa	Head and Neck	•			
C09.1	Tonsillar pillar (anterior) (posterior)	Head and Neck	•			
C09.8	Overlapping lesion of tonsil	Head and Neck	•			
C09.9	Tonsil, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C10.0	Vallecula	Head and Neck	•			
C10.1	Anterior surface of epiglottis	Head and Neck	•			
C10.2	Lateral wall of oropharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C10.3	Posterior wall of oropharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C10.4	Branchial cleft	Head and Neck	•			

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C10.8	Overlapping lesion of oropharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C10.9	Oropharynx, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C11.0	Superior wall of nasopharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C11.1	Posterior wall of nasopharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C11.2	Lateral wall of nasopharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C11.3	Anterior wall of nasopharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C11.8	Overlapping lesion of nasopharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C11.9	Nasopharynx, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C12	Malignant neoplasm of piriform sinus	Head and Neck	•			
C13.0	Postcricoid region	Head and Neck	•			
C13.1	Aryepiglottic fold, hypopharyngeal aspect	Head and Neck	•			
C13.2	Posterior wall of hypopharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C13.8	Overlapping lesion of hypopharynx	Head and Neck	•			
C13.9	Hypopharynx, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C14.0	Pharynx, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C14.2	Waldeyer ring	Head and Neck	•			
C14.8	Overlapping lesion of lip, oral cavity and pharynx	Head and Neck	•			

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C15.0	Cervical part of oesophagus	Upper Gastrointestinal	*			Usually treated by Head and Neck
C15.1	Thoracic part of oesophagus	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C15.2	Abdominal part of oesophagus	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C15.3	Upper third of oesophagus	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C15.4	Middle third of oesophagus	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C15.5	Lower third of oesophagus	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C15.8	Overlapping lesion of oesophagus	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C15.9	Oesophagus, unspecified	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C16.0	Cardia	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C16.1	Fundus of stomach	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C16.2	Body of stomach	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C16.3	Pyloric antrum	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C16.4	Pylorus	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C16.5	Lesser curvature of stomach, unspecified	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C16.6	Greater curvature of stomach, unspecified	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C16.8	Overlapping lesion of stomach	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C16.9	Stomach, unspecified	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C17.0	Duodenum	Colorectal		•		Usually treated by Upper GI MDT
C17.1	Jejunum	Colorectal		•		Usually treated by Upper GI MDT
C17.2	Ileum	Colorectal		•		Usually treated by Upper GI MDT
C17.3	Meckel diverticulum	Colorectal		•		Usually treated by Upper GI MDT
C17.8	Overlapping lesion of small intestine	Colorectal		•		Usually treated by Upper GI MDT
C17.9	Small intestine, unspecified	Colorectal		•		Usually treated by Upper GI MDT
C18.0	Caecum	Colorectal	•			
C18.1	Appendix	Colorectal		•		
C18.2	Ascending colon	Colorectal	•			
C18.3	Hepatic flexure	Colorectal	•			
C18.4	Transverse colon	Colorectal	•			
C18.5	Splenic flexure	Colorectal	•			
C18.6	Descending colon	Colorectal	•			
C18.7	Sigmoid colon	Colorectal	•			
C18.8	Overlapping lesion of colon	Colorectal	•			
C18.9	Colon, unspecified	Colorectal	•			

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C19	Malignant neoplasm of rectosigmoid junction	Colorectal	•			
C20	Malignant neoplasm of rectum	Colorectal	•			
C21.0	Anus, unspecified	Colorectal		•		
C21.1	Anal canal	Colorectal		•		
C21.2	Cloacogenic zone	Colorectal		•		
C21.8	Overlapping lesion of rectum, anus and anal canal	Colorectal		•		
C22.0	Liver cell carcinoma	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			Liver cell carcinoma is also known as HCC.
C22.1	Intrahepatic bile duct carcinoma	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C22.2	Hepatoblastoma	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C22.3	Angiosarcoma of liver	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C22.4	Other sarcomas of liver	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C22.7	Other specified carcinomas of liver	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C22.9	Liver, unspecified	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C23	Malignant neoplasm of gallbladder	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C24.0	Extrahepatic bile duct	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C24.1	Ampulla of Vater	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C24.8	Overlapping lesion of biliary tract	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C24.9	Biliary tract, unspecified	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C25.0	Head of pancreas	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C25.1	Body of pancreas	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C25.2	Tail of pancreas	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C25.3	Pancreatic duct	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C25.4	Endocrine pancreas	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C25.7	Other parts of pancreas	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C25.8	Overlapping lesion of pancreas	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C25.9	Pancreas, unspecified	Upper Gastrointestinal	•			
C26.0	Intestinal tract, part unspecified	Colorectal	•			
C26.1	Spleen	Colorectal		•		
C26.8	Overlapping lesion of digestive system	Colorectal		•		
C26.9	Ill-defined sites within the digestive system	Colorectal		•		
C30.0	Nasal cavity	Head and Neck	•			
C30.1	Middle ear	Head and Neck	•			
C31.0	Maxillary sinus	Head and Neck	•			

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C31.1	Ethmoidal sinus	Head and Neck	•			
C31.2	Frontal sinus	Head and Neck	•			
C31.3	Sphenoidal sinus	Head and Neck	•			
C31.8	Overlapping lesion of accessory sinuses	Head and Neck	•			
C31.9	Accessory sinus, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C32.0	Glottis	Head and Neck	•			
C32.1	Supraglottis	Head and Neck	•			
C32.2	Subglottis	Head and Neck	•			
C32.3	Laryngeal cartilage	Head and Neck	•			
C32.8	Overlapping lesion of larynx	Head and Neck	•			
C32.9	Larynx, unspecified	Head and Neck	•			
C33	Malignant neoplasm of trachea	Lung	•			
C34.0	Main bronchus	Lung	•			
C34.1	Upper lobe, bronchus or lung	Lung	•			
C34.2	Middle lobe, bronchus or lung	Lung	•			
C34.3	Lower lobe, bronchus or lung	Lung	•			
C34.8	Overlapping lesion of bronchus and lung	Lung	•			
C34.9	Bronchus or lung, unspecified	Lung	•			

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C37	Malignant neoplasm of thymus	Lung	•			
C38.0	Heart	Lung		•		
C38.1	Anterior mediastinum	Lung		•		
C38.2	Posterior mediastinum	Lung		•		
C38.3	Mediastinum, part unspecified	Lung		•		
C38.4	Pleura	Lung		•		
C38.8	Overlapping lesion of heart, mediastinum and pleura	Lung		•		
C39.0	Upper respiratory tract, part unspecified	Lung		•		
C39.8	Overlapping lesion of respiratory and intrathoracic organs	Lung		•		
C39.9	Ill-defined sites within the respiratory system	Lung		•		
C40.0	Scapula and long bones of upper limb	Sarcoma	•			
C40.1	Short bones of upper limb	Sarcoma	•			
C40.2	Long bones of lower limb	Sarcoma	•			
C40.3	Short bones of lower limb	Sarcoma	•			
C40.8	Overlapping lesion of bone and articular cartilage of limbs	Sarcoma	•			
C40.9	Bone and articular cartilage of limb, unspecified	Sarcoma	•			

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C41.0	Bones of skull and face	Sarcoma	•			
C41.1	Mandible	Sarcoma	•			
C41.2	Vertebral column	Sarcoma	•			
C41.3	Ribs, sternum and clavicle	Sarcoma	•			
C41.4	Pelvic bones, sacrum and coccyx	Sarcoma	•			
C41.8	Overlapping lesion of bone and articular cartilage	Sarcoma	•			
C41.9	Bone and articular cartilage, unspecified	Sarcoma	•			
C43.0	Malignant melanoma of lip	Skin	•			
C43.1	Malignant melanoma of eyelid, including canthus	Skin	•			
C43.2	Malignant melanoma of ear and external auricular canal	Skin	•			
C43.3	Malignant melanoma of other and unspecified parts of face	Skin	•			
C43.4	Malignant melanoma of scalp and neck	Skin	•			
C43.5	Malignant melanoma of trunk	Skin	•			
C43.6	Malignant melanoma of upper limb, including shoulder	Skin	•			
C43.7	Malignant melanoma of lower limb, including hip	Skin	•			

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C43.8	Overlapping malignant melanoma of skin	Skin	•			
C43.9	Malignant melanoma of skin, unspecified	Skin	•			
C44.0	Skin of lip	Skin	(•)	(•)	(•)	See the Skin chapter of the COSD User Guide (Overview Section) for further information on the collection of this Skin disease.
C44.1	Skin of eyelid, including canthus	Skin	(•)	(•)	(•)	See the Skin chapter of the COSD User Guide (Overview Section) for further information on the collection of this Skin disease.
C44.2	Skin of ear and external auricular canal	Skin	(•)	(•)	(•)	See the Skin chapter of the COSD User Guide (Overview Section) for further information on the collection of this Skin disease.
C44.3	Skin of other and unspecified parts of face	Skin	(•)	(•)	(•)	See the Skin chapter of the COSD User Guide (Overview Section) for further information on the

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
						collection of this Skin disease.
C44.4	Skin of scalp and neck	Skin	(●)	(●)	(●)	See the Skin chapter of the COSD User Guide (Overview Section) for further information on the collection of this Skin disease.
C44.5	Skin of trunk	Skin	(●)	(●)	(●)	See the Skin chapter of the COSD User Guide (Overview Section) for further information on the collection of this Skin disease.
C44.6	Skin of upper limb, including shoulder	Skin	(●)	(●)	(●)	See the Skin chapter of the COSD User Guide (Overview Section) for further information on the collection of this Skin disease.
C44.7	Skin of lower limb, including hip	Skin	(●)	(●)	(●)	See the Skin chapter of the COSD User Guide (Overview Section) for further information on the collection of this Skin disease.

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C44.8	Overlapping lesion of skin	Skin	(●)	(●)	(●)	See the Skin chapter of the COSD User Guide (Overview Section) for further information on the collection of this Skin disease.
C44.9	Malignant neoplasm of skin, unspecified	Skin	(●)	(●)	(●)	See the Skin chapter of the COSD User Guide (Overview Section) for further information on the collection of this Skin disease.
C45.0	Mesothelioma of pleura	Lung		●		
C45.1	Mesothelioma of peritoneum	Lung		●		
C45.2	Mesothelioma of pericardium	Lung		●		
C45.7	Mesothelioma of other sites	Lung		●		
C45.9	Mesothelioma, unspecified	Lung		●		
C46.0	Kaposi sarcoma of skin	Sarcoma		●		
C46.1	Kaposi sarcoma of soft tissue	Sarcoma		●		
C46.2	Kaposi sarcoma of palate	Sarcoma		●		
C46.3	Kaposi sarcoma of lymph nodes	Sarcoma		●		

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C46.7	Kaposi sarcoma of other sites	Sarcoma		•		
C46.8	Kaposi sarcoma of multiple organs	Sarcoma		•		
C46.9	Kaposi sarcoma, unspecified	Sarcoma		•		
C47.0	Peripheral nerves of head, face and neck	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Usually treated by Sarcoma MDT.
C47.1	Peripheral nerves of upper limb, including shoulder	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Usually treated by Sarcoma MDT.
C47.2	Peripheral nerves of lower limb, including hip	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Usually treated by Sarcoma MDT.
C47.3	Peripheral nerves of thorax	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Usually treated by Sarcoma MDT.
C47.4	Peripheral nerves of abdomen	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Usually treated by Sarcoma MDT.
C47.5	Peripheral nerves of pelvis	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Usually treated by Sarcoma MDT.
C47.6	Peripheral nerves of trunk, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Usually treated by Sarcoma MDT.
C47.8	Overlapping lesion of peripheral nerves and autonomic nervous system	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Usually treated by Sarcoma MDT.
C47.9	Peripheral nerves and autonomic nervous system, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Usually treated by Sarcoma MDT.
C48.0	Retroperitoneum	Sarcoma	•			Usually treated by Sarcoma MDT.

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C48.1	Specified parts of peritoneum	Sarcoma	• *			* Sarcoma and Gynaecological Data sets to be collected where applicable.
C48.2	Peritoneum, unspecified	Sarcoma	• *			* Sarcoma and Gynaecological Data sets to be collected where applicable.
C48.8	Overlapping lesion of retroperitoneum and peritoneum	Sarcoma	•			
C49.0	Connective and soft tissue of head, face and neck	Sarcoma	•			
C49.1	Connective and soft tissue of upper limb, including shoulder	Sarcoma	•			
C49.2	Connective and soft tissue of lower limb, including hip	Sarcoma	•			
C49.3	Connective and soft tissue of thorax	Sarcoma	•			
C49.4	Connective and soft tissue of abdomen	Sarcoma	•			
C49.5	Connective and soft tissue of pelvis	Sarcoma	•			
C49.6	Connective and soft tissue of trunk, unspecified	Sarcoma	•			
C49.8	Overlapping lesion of connective and soft tissue	Sarcoma	•			

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C49.9	Connective and soft tissue, unspecified	Sarcoma	•			
C50.0	Nipple and areola	Breast	•			
C50.1	Central portion of breast	Breast	•			
C50.2	Upper-inner quadrant of breast	Breast	•			
C50.3	Lower-inner quadrant of breast	Breast	•			
C50.4	Upper-outer quadrant of breast	Breast	•			
C50.5	Lower-outer quadrant of breast	Breast	•			
C50.6	Axillary tail of breast	Breast	•			
C50.8	Overlapping lesion of breast	Breast	•			
C50.9	Breast, unspecified	Breast	•			
C51.0	Labium majus	Gynaecological	• *			* Gynaecological and Skin Data sets to be collected where applicable.
C51.1	Labium minus	Gynaecological	• *			* Gynaecological and Skin Data sets to be collected where applicable.
C51.2	Clitoris	Gynaecological	• *			* Gynaecological and Skin Data sets to be collected where applicable.
C51.8	Overlapping lesion of vulva	Gynaecological	• *			* Gynaecological and Skin Data sets

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
						to be collected where applicable.
C51.9	Vulva, unspecified	Gynaecological	• *			* Gynaecological and Skin Data sets to be collected where applicable.
C52	Malignant neoplasm of vagina	Gynaecological	•			
C53.0	Endocervix	Gynaecological	•			
C53.1	Exocervix	Gynaecological	•			
C53.8	Overlapping lesion of cervix uteri	Gynaecological	•			
C53.9	Cervix uteri, unspecified	Gynaecological	•			
C54.0	Isthmus uteri	Gynaecological	•			
C54.1	Endometrium	Gynaecological	•			
C54.2	Myometrium	Gynaecological	•			
C54.3	Fundus uteri	Gynaecological	•			
C54.8	Overlapping lesion of corpus uteri	Gynaecological	•			
C54.9	Corpus uteri, unspecified	Gynaecological	•			
C55	Malignant neoplasm of uterus, part unspecified	Gynaecological	•			
C56	Malignant neoplasm of ovary	Gynaecological	•			
C57.0	Fallopian tube	Gynaecological	•			
C57.1	Broad ligament	Gynaecological	•			
C57.2	Round ligament	Gynaecological	•			
C57.3	Parametrium	Gynaecological	•			

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C57.4	Uterine adnexa, unspecified	Gynaecological	•			
C57.7	Other specified female genital organs	Gynaecological	•			
C57.8	Overlapping lesion of female genital organs	Gynaecological	•			
C57.9	Female genital organ, unspecified	Gynaecological	•			
C58	Malignant neoplasm of placenta	Gynaecological	•			
C60.0	Prepuce	Urological	• *			* Urological and Skin Data sets to be collected where applicable.
C60.1	Glans penis	Urological	• *			* Urological and Skin Data sets to be collected where applicable.
C60.2	Body of penis	Urological	• *			* Urological and Skin Data sets to be collected where applicable.
C60.8	Overlapping lesion of penis	Urological	• *			* Urological and Skin Data sets to be collected where applicable.
C60.9	Penis, unspecified	Urological	• *			* Urological and Skin Data sets to be collected where applicable.
C61	Malignant neoplasm of prostate	Urological	•			

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C62.0	Undescended testis	Urological	•			
C62.1	Descended testis	Urological	•			
C62.9	Testis, unspecified	Urological	•			
C63.0	Epididymis	Urological	•			
C63.1	Spermatic cord	Urological	•			
C63.2	Scrotum	Urological		•		
C63.7	Other specified male genital organs	Urological	•			
C63.8	Overlapping lesion of male genital organs	Urological	•			
C63.9	Male genital organ, unspecified	Urological	•			
C64	Malignant neoplasm of kidney, except renal pelvis	Urological	•			
C65	Malignant neoplasm of renal pelvis	Urological	•			
C66	Malignant neoplasm of ureter	Urological	•			
C67.0	Trigone of bladder	Urological	•			
C67.1	Dome of bladder	Urological	•			
C67.2	Lateral wall of bladder	Urological	•			
C67.3	Anterior wall of bladder	Urological	•			
C67.4	Posterior wall of bladder	Urological	•			
C67.5	Bladder neck	Urological	•			
C67.6	Ureteric orifice	Urological	•			
C67.7	Urachus	Urological	•			

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C67.8	Overlapping lesion of bladder	Urological	•			
C67.9	Bladder, unspecified	Urological	•			
C68.0	Urethra	Urological	•			
C68.1	Paraurethral glands	Urological	•			
C68.8	Overlapping lesion of urinary organs	Urological	•			
C68.9	Urinary organ, unspecified	Urological	•			
C69.0	Conjunctiva	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Not normally treated by CNS MDT.
C69.1	Cornea	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Not normally treated by CNS MDT.
C69.2	Retina	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Not normally treated by CNS MDT.
C69.3	Choroid	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Not normally treated by CNS MDT.
C69.4	Ciliary body	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Not normally treated by CNS MDT.
C69.5	Lachrymal gland and duct	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Not normally treated by CNS MDT.
C69.6	Orbit	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Not normally treated by CNS MDT. Maybe

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
						treated by Sarcoma MDT.
C69.8	Overlapping lesion of eye and adnexa	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Not normally treated by CNS MDT.
C69.9	Eye, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Not normally treated by CNS MDT.
C70.0	Cerebral meninges	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C70.1	Spinal meninges	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C70.9	Meninges, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C71.0	Cerebrum, except lobes and ventricles	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C71.1	Frontal lobe	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C71.2	Temporal lobe	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C71.3	Parietal lobe	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C71.4	Occipital lobe	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C71.5	Cerebral ventricle	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C71.6	Cerebellum	Brain/Central Nervous System	(•) (*)			CTYA data set collected for Medulloblastoma patients under 25.

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C71.7	Brain stem	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C71.8	Overlapping lesion of brain	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C71.9	Brain, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C72.0	Spinal cord	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C72.1	Cauda equina	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C72.2	Olfactory nerve	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C72.3	Optic nerve	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C72.4	Acoustic nerve	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C72.5	Other and unspecified cranial nerves	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C72.8	Overlapping lesion of brain and other parts of central nervous system	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C72.9	Central nervous system, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
C73	Malignant neoplasm of thyroid gland	Head and Neck		•		
C74.0	Cortex of adrenal gland	Other		•		
C74.1	Medulla of adrenal gland	Other		•		
C74.9	Adrenal gland, unspecified	Other		•		
C75.0	Parathyroid gland	Other		•		

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C75.1	Pituitary gland	Other	*			Usually treated by CNS MDT.
C75.2	Craniopharyngeal duct	Other	*			Usually treated by CNS MDT.
C75.3	Pineal gland	Other	*			Usually treated by CNS MDT.
C75.4	Carotid body	Other		•		
C75.5	Aortic body and other paraganglia	Other		•		
C75.8	Pluriglandular involvement, unspecified	Other		•		
C75.9	Endocrine gland, unspecified	Other		•		
C76.0	Head, face and neck	Other		•		Other and ill defined - use only if unable to code to specific primary site
C76.1	Thorax	Other		•		Other and ill defined - use only if unable to code to specific primary site
C76.2	Abdomen	Other		•		Other and ill defined - use only if unable to code to specific primary site
C76.3	Pelvis	Other		•		Other and ill defined - use only if unable to code to

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
						specific primary site
C76.4	Upper limb	Other		•		Other and ill defined - use only if unable to code to specific primary site
C76.5	Lower limb	Other		•		Other and ill defined - use only if unable to code to specific primary site
C76.7	Other ill-defined sites	Other		•		Other and ill defined - use only if unable to code to specific primary site
C76.8	Overlapping lesion of other and ill-defined sites	Other		•		Other and ill defined - use only if unable to code to specific primary site
C77.0	Lymph nodes of head, face and neck	Head and Neck	•			Secondary - only use if unable to code to specific primary site
C77.1	Intrathoracic lymph nodes	Other		•		Secondary - only use if unable to code to specific primary site
C77.2	Intra-abdominal lymph nodes	Other		•		Secondary - only use if unable to code to specific primary site

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C77.3	Axillary and upper limb lymph nodes	Other		•		Secondary - only use if unable to code to specific primary site
C77.4	Inguinal and lower limb lymph nodes	Other		•		Secondary - only use if unable to code to specific primary site
C77.5	Intrapelvic lymph nodes	Other		•		Secondary - only use if unable to code to specific primary site
C77.8	Lymph nodes of multiple regions	Other		•		Secondary - only use if unable to code to specific primary site
C77.9	Lymph node, unspecified	Other		•		Secondary - only use if unable to code to specific primary site
C78.0	Secondary malignant neoplasm of lung	Lung		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C78.1	Secondary malignant neoplasm of mediastinum	Lung		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C78.2	Secondary malignant neoplasm of pleura	Lung		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
						primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C78.3	Secondary malignant neoplasm of other and unspecified respiratory organs	Lung		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C78.4	Secondary malignant neoplasm of small intestine	Colorectal		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C78.5	Secondary malignant neoplasm of large intestine and rectum	Colorectal		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C78.6	Secondary malignant neoplasm of retroperitoneum and peritoneum	Sarcoma		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C78.7	Secondary malignant neoplasm of liver and intrahepatic bile duct	Upper Gastrointestinal		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C78.8	Secondary malignant neoplasm of other and unspecified digestive organs	Colorectal		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C79.0	Secondary malignant neoplasm of kidney and renal pelvis	Urological		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C79.1	Secondary malignant neoplasm of bladder and other and unspecified urinary organs	Urological		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C79.2	Secondary malignant neoplasm of skin	Skin		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C79.3	Secondary malignant neoplasm of brain and cerebral meninges	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C79.4	Secondary malignant neoplasm of other and unspecified parts of nervous system	Brain/Central Nervous System		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
						to code to specific primary site.
C79.5	Secondary malignant neoplasm of bone and bone marrow	Sarcoma		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C79.6	Secondary malignant neoplasm of ovary	Gynaecological		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C79.7	Secondary malignant neoplasm of adrenal gland	Other		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C79.8	Secondary malignant neoplasm of other specified sites	Other		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.
C79.9	Secondary malignant neoplasm, unspecified site	Other		•		Normally treated by MDT of site of primary tumour. Only use if unable to code to specific primary site.

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C80.0	Malignant neoplasm, primary site unknown, so stated	Other				
C80.9	Malignant neoplasm, unspecified	Other				
C81.0	Nodular lymphocyte predominant Hodgkin lymphoma	Haematological	See the Haematological chapter of COSD User Guide for information regarding what is required to be submitted for these Haematological diseases.			
C81.1	Nodular sclerosis (classical) Hodgkin lymphoma	Haematological				
C81.2	Mixed cellularity (classical) Hodgkin lymphoma	Haematological				
C81.3	Lymphocytic depleted (classical) Hodgkin lymphoma	Haematological				
C81.4	Lymphocyte-rich (classical) Hodgkin lymphoma	Haematological				
C81.7	Other (classical) Hodgkin lymphoma	Haematological				
C81.9	Hodgkin lymphoma, unspecified	Haematological				
C82.0	Follicular lymphoma grade I	Haematological				
C82.1	Follicular lymphoma grade II	Haematological				
C82.2	Follicular lymphoma grade III, unspecified	Haematological				
C82.3	Follicular lymphoma grade IIIa	Haematological				

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C82.4	Follicular lymphoma grade IIIb	Haematological				
C82.5	Diffuse follicle centre lymphoma	Haematological				
C82.6	Cutaneous follicle centre lymphoma	Haematological				
C82.7	Other types of follicular lymphoma	Haematological				
C82.9	Follicular lymphoma, unspecified	Haematological				
C83.0	Small cell B-cell lymphoma	Haematological				
C83.1	Mantle cell lymphoma	Haematological				
C83.3	Diffuse large B-cell lymphoma	Haematological				
C83.5	Lymphoblastic (diffuse) lymphoma	Haematological				
C83.7	Burkitt lymphoma	Haematological				
C83.8	Other non-follicular lymphoma	Haematological				
C83.9	Non-follicular (diffuse) lymphoma, unspecified	Haematological				
C84.0	Mycosis fungoides	Haematological				
C84.1	Sézary disease	Haematological				
C84.4	Peripheral T-cell lymphoma, not elsewhere classified	Haematological				
C84.5	Other mature T/NK-cell lymphomas	Haematological				

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C84.6	Anaplastic large cell lymphoma, ALK-positive	Haematological				
C84.7	Anaplastic large cell lymphoma, ALK-negative	Haematological				
C84.8	Cutaneous T-cell lymphoma, unspecified	Haematological				
C84.9	Mature T/NK-cell lymphoma, unspecified	Haematological				
C85.1	B-cell lymphoma, unspecified	Haematological				
C85.2	Mediastinal (thymic) large B-cell lymphoma	Haematological				
C85.7	Other specified types of non-Hodgkin lymphoma	Haematological				
C85.9	Non-Hodgkin lymphoma, unspecified	Haematological				
C86.0	Extranodal NK/T-cell lymphoma, nasal type	Haematological				
C86.1	Hepatosplenic T-cell lymphoma	Haematological				
C86.2	Enteropathy-type (intestinal) T-cell lymphoma	Haematological				
C86.3	Subcutaneous panniculitis-like T-cell lymphoma	Haematological				
C86.4	Blastic NK-cell lymphoma	Haematological				
C86.5	Angioimmunoblastic T-cell lymphoma	Haematological				

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C86.6	Primary cutaneous CD30-positive T-cell proliferations	Haematological				
C88.0	Waldenström macroglobulinaemia	Haematological				
C88.2	Other heavy chain disease	Haematological				
C88.3	Immunoproliferative small intestinal disease	Haematological				
C88.4	Extranodal marginal zone B-cell lymphoma of mucosa-associated lymphoid tissue (MALT-lymphoma)	Haematological				
C88.7	Other malignant immunoproliferative diseases	Haematological				
C88.9	Malignant immunoproliferative disease, unspecified	Haematological				
C90.0	Multiple myeloma	Haematological				
C90.1	Plasma cell leukaemia	Haematological				
C90.2	Extramedullary plasmacytoma	Haematological				
C90.3	Solitary plasmacytoma	Haematological				
C91.0	Acute lymphoblastic leukaemia [ALL]	Haematological				
C91.1	Chronic lymphocytic leukaemia of B-cell type	Haematological				
C91.3	Prolymphocytic leukaemia of B-cell type	Haematological				

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C91.4	Hairy-cell leukaemia	Haematological				
C91.5	Adult T-cell lymphoma/leukaemia (HTLV-1-associated)	Haematological				
C91.6	Prolymphocytic leukaemia of T-cell type	Haematological				
C91.7	Other lymphoid leukaemia	Haematological				
C91.8	Mature B-cell leukaemia Burkitt-type	Haematological				
C91.9	Lymphoid leukaemia, unspecified	Haematological				
C92.0	Acute myeloid leukaemia [AML]	Haematological				
C92.1	Chronic myeloid leukaemia [CML], BCR/ABL-positive	Haematological				
C92.2	Atypical chronic myeloid leukaemia, BCR/ABL-negative	Haematological				
C92.3	Myeloid sarcoma	Haematological				
C92.4	Acute promyelocytic leukaemia [PML]	Haematological				
C92.5	Acute myelomonocytic leukaemia	Haematological				
C92.6	Acute myeloid leukaemia with 11q23-abnormality	Haematological				
C92.7	Other myeloid leukaemia	Haematological				
C92.8	Acute myeloid leukaemia with multilineage dysplasia	Haematological				

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C92.9	Myeloid leukaemia, unspecified	Haematological				
C93.0	Acute monoblastic/monocytic leukaemia	Haematological				
C93.1	Chronic myelomonocytic leukaemia	Haematological				
C93.3	Juvenile myelomonocytic leukaemia	Haematological				
C93.7	Other monocytic leukaemia	Haematological				
C93.9	Monocytic leukaemia, unspecified	Haematological				
C94.0	Acute erythroid leukaemia	Haematological				
C94.2	Acute megakaryoblastic leukaemia	Haematological				
C94.3	Mast cell leukaemia	Haematological				
C94.4	Acute panmyelosis with myelofibrosis	Haematological				
C94.6	Myelodysplastic and myeloproliferative disease, not elsewhere classified	Haematological				
C94.7	Other specified leukaemias	Haematological				
C95.0	Acute leukaemia of unspecified cell type	Haematological				
C95.1	Chronic leukaemia of unspecified cell type	Haematological				

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C95.7	Other leukaemia of unspecified cell type	Haematological				
C95.9	Leukaemia, unspecified	Haematological				
C96.0	Multifocal and multisystemic (disseminated) Langerhans-cell histiocytosis [Letterer-Siwe disease]	Haematological				
C96.2	Malignant mast cell tumour	Haematological				
C96.4	Sarcoma of dendritic cells (accessory cells)	Haematological				
C96.5	Multifocal and unisystemic (disseminated) Langerhans-cell histiocytosis	Haematological				
C96.6	Unifocal Langerhans-cell histiocytosis	Haematological				
C96.7	Other specified malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue	Haematological				
C96.8	Histiocytic sarcoma	Haematological				
C96.9	Malignant neoplasms of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue, unspecified	Haematological				
C97	Malignant neoplasms of independent (primary) multiple sites	Other		•		
D05.0	Lobular carcinoma in situ	Breast	•			

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
D05.1	Intraductal carcinoma in situ	Breast	•			
D05.7	Other carcinoma in situ of breast	Breast	•			
D05.9	Carcinoma in situ of breast, unspecified	Breast	•			

Appendix C: mandatory registerable conditions

MANDATORY REGISTERABLE CONDITIONS

Further details to be provided regarding applicable data fields for each disease. These are additional Cancer Registration i.e. NDRS mandatory registerable conditions.

Notes:

- the following table lists all the registerable diseases by ICD10 code, together with the expected data set to be completed and the potential stage
- this table provides general guidelines only as not all permutations can be covered and there will always be exceptions, local clinical input is essential to identify and complete the appropriate stage
- further guidance is available from your local cancer registration service office

ICD-10 4th Edition All C Codes are Malignant Neoplasms	Description	Cancer Waiting Times Site specific group	Expected Data set to be collected			Comment
			Core and Site Specific Data set	Core Data set	Path Only	
C00.0 - C97	Malignant neoplasms (See Appendix A for full list)					
D00.0	Carcinoma in situ: Lip, oral cavity and pharynx	Head and Neck			•	
D00.1	Carcinoma in situ: Oesophagus	Upper Gastrointestinal			•	
D00.2	Carcinoma in situ: Stomach	Upper Gastrointestinal			•	
D01.0	Carcinoma in situ: Colon	Colorectal			•	
D01.1	Carcinoma in situ: Rectosigmoid junction	Colorectal			•	
D01.2	Carcinoma in situ: Rectum	Colorectal			•	

D01.3	Carcinoma in situ: Anus and anal canal	Colorectal			•	
D01.4	Carcinoma in situ: Other and unspecified parts of intestine	Colorectal			•	
D01.5	Carcinoma in situ: Liver, gallbladder and bile ducts	Upper Gastrointestinal			•	
D01.7	Carcinoma in situ: Other specified digestive organs	Colorectal			•	
D01.9	Carcinoma in situ: Digestive organ, unspecified	Colorectal			•	
D02.0	Carcinoma in situ: Larynx	Head and Neck			•	
D02.1	Carcinoma in situ: Trachea	Lung			•	
D02.2	Carcinoma in situ: Bronchus and lung	Lung			•	
D02.3	Carcinoma in situ: Other parts of respiratory system	Lung			•	
D02.4	Carcinoma in situ: Respiratory system, unspecified	Lung			•	
D03.0	Melanoma in situ of lip	Skin		•		
D03.1	Melanoma in situ of eyelid, including canthus	Skin		•		
D03.2	Melanoma in situ of ear and external auricular canal	Skin		•		
D03.3	Melanoma in situ of other and unspecified parts of face	Skin		•		
D03.4	Melanoma in situ of scalp and neck	Skin		•		

D03.5	Melanoma in situ of trunk	Skin		•		
D03.6	Melanoma in situ of upper limb, including shoulder	Skin		•		
D03.7	Melanoma in situ of lower limb, including hip	Skin		•		
D03.8	Melanoma in situ of other sites	Other			•	
D03.9	Melanoma in situ, unspecified	Skin		•		
D05.0	Lobular carcinoma in situ	Breast	•			
D05.1	Intraductal carcinoma in situ	Breast	•			
D05.7	Other carcinoma in situ of breast	Breast	•			
D05.9	Carcinoma in situ of breast, unspecified	Breast	•			
D06.0	Carcinoma in situ: Endocervix	Gynaecological			•	
D06.1	Carcinoma in situ: Exocervix	Gynaecological			•	
D06.7	Carcinoma in situ Other parts of cervix	Gynaecological			•	
D06.9	Carcinoma in situ: Cervix, unspecified	Gynaecological			•	
D07.0	Carcinoma in situ: Endometrium	Gynaecological			•	
D07.1	Carcinoma in situ: Vulva	Gynaecological			•	
D07.2	Carcinoma in situ: Vagina	Gynaecological			•	
D07.3	Carcinoma in situ: Other and unspecified female genital organs	Gynaecological			•	
D07.4	Carcinoma in situ: Penis	Urological			•	
D07.5	Carcinoma in situ: Prostate	Urological			•	

D07.6	Carcinoma in situ: Other and unspecified male genital organs	Urological			•	
D09.0	Carcinoma in situ: Bladder	Urological	•			
D09.1	Carcinoma in situ: Other and unspecified urinary organs	Urological			•	
D09.2	Carcinoma in situ: Eye	Other			•	
D09.3	Carcinoma in situ: Thyroid and other endocrine glands	Head and Neck			•	
D09.7	Carcinoma in situ of other specified sites	Other			•	
D09.9	Carcinoma in situ, unspecified	Other			•	
D32.0	Benign neoplasm: Cerebral meninges	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D32.1	Benign neoplasm: Spinal meninges	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D32.9	Benign neoplasm: Meninges, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D33.0	Benign neoplasm: Brain, supratentorial	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D33.1	Benign neoplasm: Brain, infratentorial	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D33.2	Benign neoplasm: Brain, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D33.3	Benign neoplasm: Cranial nerves	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D33.4	Benign neoplasm: Spinal cord	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D33.7	Benign neoplasm: Other specified parts of central nervous system	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			

D33.9	Benign neoplasm: Central nervous system, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D35.2	Benign neoplasm: Pituitary gland	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D35.3	Benign neoplasm: Craniopharyngeal duct	Other	•			Usually classified as CNS
D35.4	Benign neoplasm: Pineal gland	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D37.0	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Lip, oral cavity and pharynx	Head and Neck			•	
D37.1	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of: Stomach	Upper Gastrointestinal			•	
D37.2	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Small intestine	Upper Gastrointestinal			•	
D37.3	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Appendix	Colorectal			•	
D37.4	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Colon	Colorectal			•	
D37.5	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Rectum	Colorectal			•	
D37.6	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Liver, gallbladder and bile ducts	Upper Gastrointestinal			•	
D37.7	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Other digestive organs	Colorectal/Upper Gastrointestinal			•	
D37.9	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Digestive organ, unspecified	Colorectal/Upper Gastrointestinal			•	

D38.0	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Larynx	Head and Neck			•	
D38.1	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Trachea, bronchus and lung	Lung			•	
D38.2	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Pleura	Lung			•	
D38.3	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Mediastinum	Lung			•	
D38.4	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Thymus	Lung			•	
D38.5	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Other respiratory organs	Lung			•	
D38.6	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Respiratory organ, unspecified	Lung			•	
D39.0	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Uterus	Gynaecological			•	
D39.1	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Ovary	Gynaecological			•	
D39.2	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Placenta	Gynaecological			•	
D39.7	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Other female genital organs	Gynaecological			•	
D39.9	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour:	Gynaecological			•	

	Female genital organ, unspecified					
D40.0	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Prostate	Urological			•	
D40.1	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Testis	Urological			•	
D40.7	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Other male genital organs	Urological			•	
D40.9	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Male genital organs, unspecified	Urological			•	
D41.0	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Kidney	Urological			•	
D41.1	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Renal pelvis	Urological	•			
D41.2	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Ureter	Urological	•			
D41.3	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Urethra	Urological	•			
D41.4	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Bladder	Urological	•			
D41.7	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Other urinary organs	Urological			•	
D41.9	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Urinary organs, unspecified	Urological			•	

D42.0	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Cerebral meninges	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D42.1	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Spinal meninges	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D42.9	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Meninges, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D43.0	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Brain, supratentorial	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D43.1	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Brain, infratentorial	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D43.2	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Brain, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D43.3	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Cranial nerves	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D43.4	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Spinal cord	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D43.7	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Other parts of central nervous system	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D43.9	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Central nervous system, unspecified	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D44.0	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Thyroid gland	Head and Neck			•	
D44.1	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Adrenal gland	Other			•	

D44.2	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Parathyroid gland	Other			•	
D44.3	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Pituitary gland	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D44.4	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Craniopharyngeal duct	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D44 .5	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Pineal gland	Brain/Central Nervous System	•			
D44 .6	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Carotid body	Other			•	
D44 .7	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Aortic body and other paraganglia	Other			•	
D44 .8	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Pluriglandular involvement	Other			•	
D44 .9	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Endocrine gland, unspecified	Other			•	
D45	Polycythaemia vera	Haematological	See the Haematological chapter of COSD User Guide for information regarding what is required to be submitted for these Haematological diseases.			
D46.0	Refractory anaemia without ringed sideroblasts, so stated	Haematological				
D46.1	Refractory anaemia with ringed sideroblasts	Haematological				
D46.2	Refractory anaemia with excess of blasts (RAEB)	Haematological				
D46.4	Refractory anaemia, unspecified	Haematological				

D46.5	Refractory anaemia with multi-lineage dysplasia	Haematological				
D46.6	Myelodysplastic syndrome with isolated del(5q) chromosomal abnormality	Haematological				
D46.7	Other myelodysplastic syndromes	Haematological				
D46.9	Myelodysplastic syndrome, unspecified	Haematological				
D47.0	Histiocytic and mast cell tumours of uncertain and unknown behaviour	Haematological				
D47.1	Chronic myeloproliferative disease	Haematological				
D47.3	Essential (haemorrhagic) thrombocythaemia	Haematological				
D47.4	Osteomyelofibrosis	Haematological				
D47.5	Chronic eosinophilic leukaemia (hypereosinophilic syndrome)	Haematological				
D47.7	Other specified neoplasms of uncertain or unknown behaviour of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue	Haematological				
D47.9	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour of lymphoid, haematopoietic and related tissue, unspecified	Haematological				
D48.0	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Bone and articular cartilage	Sarcoma			•	

D48.1	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Connective and other soft tissue	Sarcoma			•	Only applicable for GISTs
D48.2	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Peripheral nerves and autonomic nervous system	Other			•	
D48.3	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Retroperitoneum	Other			•	
D48.4	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Peritoneum	Other			•	
D48.5	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Skin	Skin			•	
D48.6	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Breast	Breast			•	
D48.7	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour: Other specified sites	Other			•	
D48.9	Neoplasm of uncertain or unknown behaviour, unspecified	Other			•	
E85.9	Amyloidosis, unspecified	Haematology	See the Haematological chapter of COSD User Guide for information regarding what is required to be submitted for these Haematological diseases.			

Notes:

- although primary amyloidosis (E85.9) is listed as an E ICD code in the World Health Organisation (WHO) disease classification, amongst clinicians it is widely acknowledged and subsequently treated as a cancer, receiving chemotherapy in some cases
- whilst we await the WHO disease classification being updated to reflect this fact, it's inclusion as a registerable condition requiring collection via

the COSD has been agreed with the National Disease Registration Service

Appendix D: recommended staging to be collected by cancer registries

The National Staging Panel for Cancer Registration recommends that the staging systems recorded by the cancer registries follow the guidance issued by the Royal College of Pathologists and the Cancer Outcomes and Services Dataset.

It is also important to note that both UICC and AJCC coding systems have updated to v8.0, please refer directly to the [TNM Staging Books](#), for the most recent and accurate stage groupings /combination.

Notes:

- FIGO 2021 for vulvar cancer takes effect from 1 January 2022
- FIGO 2018 for cervical cancer takes effect from 1 January 2020
- head and neck sites changed from TNM7 to TNM8 from 1 January 2019
- TNM 7 changed to TNM 8 (except head and neck) from 1 January 2018
- Lower GI changed from TNM5 to TNM8 from 1 January 2018

TUMOUR TYPE	STAGING SYSTEM (from 1 January 2020)	STAGING SYSTEM (from 1 January 2022)
ADRENAL CORTEX TUMOURS	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
AMPULLA OF VATER – CARCINOMA	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
AMPULLA OF VATER – NEUROENDOCRINE TUMOURS	ENETS - EUROPEAN NEUROENDOCRINE TUMOUR SOCIETY TNM	ENETS - EUROPEAN NEUROENDOCRINE TUMOUR SOCIETY TNM
ANAL CANAL	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
APPENDIX – CARCINOMA	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
APPENDIX – NEUROENDOCRINE TUMOURS	EUROPEAN NEUROENDOCRINE TUMOUR SOCIETY TNM**	EUROPEAN NEUROENDOCRINE TUMOUR SOCIETY TNM**
BONE	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
BREAST	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
CERVIX	FIGO (2018)	FIGO (2018)

TUMOUR TYPE	STAGING SYSTEM (from 1 January 2020)	STAGING SYSTEM (from 1 January 2022)
CHRONIC LYMPHOCYTIC LEUKAEMIA	BINET	BINET
COLON AND RECTUM – CARCINOMA	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
COLON AND RECTUM – GIST	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
COLON AND RECTUM – NEUROENDOCRINE TUMOURS	ENETS - EUROPEAN NEUROENDOCRINE TUMOUR SOCIETY TNM	ENETS - EUROPEAN NEUROENDOCRINE TUMOUR SOCIETY TNM
CONJUNCTIVA – CARCINOMA	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
CONJUNCTIVA – MELANOMA	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
CUTANEOUS SQUAMOUS CELL CARCINOMA AND OTHER CUTANEOUS CARCINOMA	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
EXTRAHEPATIC BILE DUCT – PERIHILAR	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
EXTRAHEPATIC BILE DUCTS – DISTAL	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
FALLOPIAN TUBE	FIGO (2013)	FIGO (2013)
GALLBLADDER	UICC TNM8	UICC TNM8
GESTATIONAL TROPHOBLASTIC DISEASE	FIGO (2009)	FIGO (2009)
GLOTTIS	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
HEPATOBLASTOMA (CTYA)	PRETEXT STAGING SYSTEM STAGE	PRETEXT STAGING SYSTEM STAGE
HODGKIN LYMPHOMA	ANN ARBOR STAGE	ANN ARBOR STAGE
HYPOPHARYNX	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
KIDNEY	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
KIDNEY, WILMS	WILMS TUMOUR STAGE (NWTSG)	WILMS TUMOUR STAGE (NWTSG)
LACRIMAL GLAND – CARCINOMA	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
LIP	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8

TUMOUR TYPE	STAGING SYSTEM (from 1 January 2020)	STAGING SYSTEM (from 1 January 2022)
LIVER – INTRAHEPATIC BILE DUCTS	UICC TNM 8 & BARCELONA STAGE	UICC TNM 8 & BARCELONA STAGE
LIVER – HEPATOCELLULAR	UICC TNM 8 & BARCELONA STAGE	UICC TNM 8 & BARCELONA STAGE
LUNG	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
MAJOR SALIVARY GLANDS	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
MAXILLARY SINUS	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
MEDULLOBLASTOMA	CHANG STAGING SYSTEM	CHANG STAGING SYSTEM
MYELOMA	REVISED INTERNATIONAL STAGING SYSTEM (R-ISS)	REVISED INTERNATIONAL STAGING SYSTEM (R-ISS)
NASAL CAVITY AND PARANASAL SINUSES	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
NASOPHARYNX	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
NEUROBLASTOMA	INTERNATIONAL NEUROBLASTOMA RISK GROUP (INRG) STAGING SYSTEM	INTERNATIONAL NEUROBLASTOMA RISK GROUP (INRG) STAGING SYSTEM
NON-HODGKIN LYMPHOMA (ADULT)	ANN ARBOR STAGE	ANN ARBOR STAGE
NON-HODGKIN LYMPHOMA (CHILDREN)	MURPHY ST. JUDE STAGING SYSTEM	MURPHY ST. JUDE STAGING SYSTEM
OESOPHAGUS INCLUDING OESOPHAGOGASTRIC JUNCTION – CARCINOMA	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
OESOPHAGUS INCLUDING OESOPHAGOGASTRIC JUNCTION – GIST	UICC 8	UICC 8
ORAL CAVITY	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
OROPHARYNX	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
OMENTUM AND MESENTERY – GIST	none recommended (if UICC TNM 8 is submitted this will be recorded by the NCRAS)	none recommended (if UICC TNM 8 is submitted this will be recorded by the NCRAS)
OVARY AND PERITONEUM	FIGO (2013)	FIGO (2013)

TUMOUR TYPE	STAGING SYSTEM (from 1 January 2020)	STAGING SYSTEM (from 1 January 2022)
PANCREAS	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
PANCREAS – NEUROENDOCRINE TUMOURS	ENETS - EUROPEAN NEUROENDOCRINE TUMOUR SOCIETY TNM	ENETS - EUROPEAN NEUROENDOCRINE TUMOUR SOCIETY TNM
PENIS	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
PLEURAL MESOTHELIOMA	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
PROSTATE	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
RENAL PELVIS AND URETER	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
RETINOBLASTOMA	UICC TNM 8 and INTERNATIONAL STAGING SYSTEM FOR RETINOBLASTOMA	UICC TNM 8 and INTERNATIONAL STAGING SYSTEM FOR RETINOBLASTOMA
RHABDOMYOSARCOMA and OTHER SOFT TISSUE SARCOMAS (CTYA)	UICC TNM 8 & IRS POST SURGICAL GROUP	UICC TNM 8 & IRS POST SURGICAL GROUP
HEPATOBLASTOMA (CTYA)	PRETEXT STAGING SYSTEM STAGE	PRETEXT STAGING SYSTEM STAGE
SARCOMA OF ORBIT	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
SKIN – MALIGNANT MELANOMA	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
SKIN – MERKEL CELL CARCINOMA**	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
SKIN OF EYELID – CARCINOMA	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
SMALL INTESTINE – GIST	none recommended (if UICC TNM 8 is submitted this will be recorded by the NCRAS)	none recommended (if UICC TNM 8 is submitted this will be recorded by the NCRAS)
SMALL INTESTINE – NEUROENDOCRINE TUMOURS	ENETS - EUROPEAN NEUROENDOCRINE TUMOUR SOCIETY TNM	ENETS - EUROPEAN NEUROENDOCRINE TUMOUR SOCIETY TNM
SMALL INTESTINE – CARCINOMA	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
SOFT TISSUE	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
STOMACH – CARCINOMA	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8

TUMOUR TYPE	STAGING SYSTEM (from 1 January 2020)	STAGING SYSTEM (from 1 January 2022)
STOMACH – GIST	none recommended (if UICC TNM 8 is submitted this will be recorded by the NCRAS)	none recommended (if UICC TNM 8 is submitted this will be recorded by the NCRAS)
STOMACH – NEUROENDOCRINE TUMOURS	ENETS - EUROPEAN NEUROENDOCRINE TUMOUR SOCIETY TNM	ENETS - EUROPEAN NEUROENDOCRINE TUMOUR SOCIETY TNM
SUBGLOTTIS	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
SUPRAGLOTTIS	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
TESTIS	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
THYMUS	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
THYROID	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
UPPER AERODIGESTIVE TRACT – MALIGNANT MELANOMA	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
URETHRA	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
URINARY BLADDER	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
UTERUS – ENDOMETRIUM	FIGO (2009)	FIGO (2009)
UTERUS – UTERINE SARCOMA	FIGO (2009)	FIGO (2009)
UVEA – MALIGNANT MELANOMA	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8
VAGINA	FIGO (2009)	FIGO (2009)
VULVAR	FIGO (2009)	FIGO (2021)
VULVA – MALIGNANT MELANOMA	UICC TNM 8	UICC TNM 8

Additional notes:

- the use of preferred staging systems (which should be used), is under frequent review and may change in the future
 - this list was accurate at the time of publication
- ENETS – ‘European Neuroendocrine Tumour Society’ TNM, can now be recorded in the CORE – STAGING section, along with all other TNM stage (where applicable)